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Nevin ÖZTÜRK

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Creative Department

Designed by

YDS Publishing
Graphic Department

ANADOLU BÖLGE MÜDÜRLÜĞÜ

Saray Mah. 113. Cad. No: 2

Kahramankazan / ANKARA

Ankara Tel: 0312 815 52 23

İstanbul Tel: 0850 288 35 00

İstanbul Faks: 0850 288 35 09

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ANSWER KEY

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1. - 40. sorularda, cümlede boş bırakılan yerlere uygun düşen sözcük veya ifadeyi bulunuz.

1. The ---- gained by playing a video game for long hours every day can never outweigh the importance of maintaining balance in life and nurturing real-world relationships.

A) attention B) corruption
C) transition D) satisfaction
E) reduction

2. Being responsible also means admitting when one has made a mistake and taking full ---- for the consequences that follow.

A) credibility B) accountability
C) legitimacy D) availability
E) hostility

3. The ---- between the owners and the coach of the football club has reached such a pitch that it is probable the coach will lose his job soon.

A) regret B) caution
C) discord D) strike
E) competence

4. The new initiative, which is claimed to be aimed at the ---- of illiteracy, actually focuses more on temporary solutions rather than addressing the root causes of the educational inequality.

A) eradication B) absence
C) irrelevance D) discount
E) ignorance

5. Built in the first century CE, the Colosseum of Rome, which has remained the world's largest amphitheatre, is a(n) ---- to the engineering and architectural skills of the Romans.

A) entity B) admission
C) testament D) allusion
E) objection

6. Viruses and spam e-mails are sources of security concerns that frequently cause ---- and headaches for web users.

A) absurdity B) anonymity
C) disruption D) extinction
E) conspiracy

7. Antiviral medications may help prevent flu complications or reduce the ---- and duration of the infection once you have it.

A) inclination B) density
C) emphasis D) expansion
E) severity

8. Research has revealed that ---- to high levels of traffic noise increases the risk of stroke as well as other serious medical conditions.

A) acquisition B) access
C) reliance D) exposure
E) endurance

9. The ---- of the villages on this side of the mountain means that they are usually cut off from the rest of the province during periods of heavy snowfall.

A) contradiction B) avoidance
C) extent D) remoteness
E) dimension

10. The vast ---- of the Sahara Desert stretching endlessly with its burning sands create a mesmerising yet challenging landscape for adventurous travellers seeking the ultimate desert experience.

A) overview B) expanse
C) venture D) hardship
E) obstacle

11. Acute severe asthma is a form of asthma that is not ---- to treatment with a personal portable inhaler and thus requires immediate medical attention.

- A) hesitant B) preventive
C) responsive D) controversial
E) immune

12. Editing fundamentally involves recognising what is ---- in a text and removing everything else from it in order to make it more compact and easier to read.

- A) essential B) unattended
C) cautious D) illiterate
E) deficient

13. A chessboard is made up of 64 squares of two ---- colours, arranged in such a way that a square never borders another of the same colour.

- A) alternate B) competent
C) legible D) stationary
E) incompatible

14. The supplies for the expedition are ---- provided that the expedition itself does not greatly exceed the five days that have been set aside for its completion.

- A) futile B) spacious
C) temporary D) considerate
E) adequate

15. Scientists have expressed concern over the safety of certain food additives as they think the findings of studies are ---- and inconclusive.

- A) distinctive B) persistent
C) absolute D) contradictory
E) plausible

16. Being distracted or ---- impacts a driver's ability to recognise, to react to and to avoid the various hazards on the road.

- A) irrelevant B) inattentive
C) incoherent D) insincere
E) imperative

17. Technological advancements have played a(n) ---- role in shaping modern scientific research, significantly improving data accuracy, refining experiments and promoting collaboration across disciplines.

- A) artificial B) prominent
C) diligent D) adverse
E) subjective

18. Nonverbal communication can often be ---- as our nonverbal behaviour may mean different things to different people and lead to misunderstandings.

- A) ambiguous B) precise
C) humorous D) explicit
E) sensational

19. Since the prosecution have clearly proven that the accused was present at the scene of the crime, the defence's claim that he had never been there has become ----.

- A) sensible B) evident
C) untenable D) invaluable
E) neglectful

20. Adopting a physically active lifestyle includes not only engaging in sports but also limiting ---- behaviour such as sitting for extended periods of time.

- A) arbitrary B) versatile
C) vigorous D) sedentary
E) submissive

21. Archaeologists in Greece ---- the rumours that the tomb they had been working on in the north of the country was the burial place of the father of Alexander the Great.

- A) evacuated B) demonstrated
C) achieved D) excavated
E) corroborated

22. According to research, the majority of Europeans today are ---- from members of just three tribes which existed in ancient times.

- A) generated B) transmitted
C) descended D) revealed
E) featured

23. Tempered glass, which can be found in shower doors, is designed to ---- into tiny chunks instead of breaking into dangerous long jagged splinters.

- A) restrict B) erupt
C) demolish D) crash
E) shatter

24. In order to ---- the old buildings in the centre into modern apartments, the developers sought innovative architectural designs, secured necessary permits and engaged local contractors and artisans.

- A) convert B) destroy
C) preserve D) apply
E) construct

25. During the late 1800s and early 1900s, the advent of railroads ---- a rapid geographic and economic expansion in the United States.

- A) approximated B) executed
C) prolonged D) facilitated
E) diversified

26. Counselling psychology aims to help people improve their well-being, ---- distress and resolve crises in their lives.

- A) accomplish B) allocate
C) attain D) alleviate
E) accelerate

27. The economic recession ---- virtually all companies to reassess their business plans and find ways to lower their operating costs.

- A) devised B) imposed
C) compelled D) entitled
E) gathered

28. If the use of certain pesticides is ----, the local wildlife could grow strong, which leads to a significant increase in biodiversity within the protected areas.

- A) triggered B) gratified
C) invaded D) exploited
E) prohibited

29. Nikolai Gogol's *Dead Souls* was originally ---- by the author to be the first part of a trilogy, but he was prevented from writing the other two parts by his death in 1852.

- A) inspired B) envisioned
C) reassured D) associated
E) concealed

30. Scientists warn that the long-quiet volcano in Italy is reaching a critical state and that a sudden release of magmatic gasses could ---- a huge eruption.

- A) occupy B) jeopardise
C) foster D) exclude
E) delay

31. Two members of the team dealing with the project ---- chose to take their vacations in September, which delayed the completion of the project by a whole month.

- A) inconveniently B) thoroughly
C) impartially D) relatively
E) considerably

32. The speakers discussed different topics: Dr Smith focused on artificial intelligence and Ms Lee on cybersecurity, ----, offering diverse insights.

- A) subsequently B) respectively
C) generously D) conversely
E) partially

33. The digital landscape has been, over the past couple of years, scanned so ---- that there is now scarcely a corner left unexplored by data miners and analysts.

- A) identically B) enormously
C) thoroughly D) virtually
E) prosperously

34. The investigation is focused on whether the accident in the subway system came about as a result of mechanical failure or whether one of the employees had acted ----.

- A) inspiringly B) neglectfully
C) excusably D) substantially
E) commercially

35. The worst polio outbreak in the US, with 60,000 cases nationwide, occurred in 1952, ---- in the same year that Dr Salk produced the first vaccine against the disease.

- A) exclusively B) mutually
C) alternately D) primarily
E) coincidentally

36. Unless the dosage is measured ---- and administered according to medical guidelines, the treatment may lead to potential health risks for patients.

- A) casually B) erroneously
C) impulsively D) precisely
E) urgently

37. Because it is simply impossible for polling data to be 100% reliable, those who make use of it must ---- a certain margin of error within it.

- A) bring about B) pick up
C) take over D) count on
E) allow for

38. It is now a widely accepted fact that certain dog breeds which ---- other dogs or people are not naturally aggressive but made aggressive by the behaviour of their owners.

- A) get through B) turn out
C) break off D) go for
E) run into

39. Many contemporary novels have ---- criticism from the renowned literary critics who regard them as being unnecessarily long.

- A) broken up with B) run out of
C) come in for D) made off with
E) gone down with

40. To develop innovative solutions, engineers often ---- both theoretical knowledge and practical experience, combining these elements to create effective and efficient technological advancements.

- A) stand out B) own up
C) run over D) fill in
E) draw on

PRONOUNS - DETERMINERS - QUANTIFIERS



1. - 20. sorularda, cümlede boş bırakılan yerlere uygun düşen sözcük veya ifadeyi bulunuz.

1. Although energy efficiency and energy saving are two different topics, they can often be confused with ----.

A) other ones B) each other
C) another D) the other
E) every other

2. It is rare for lava released by a volcanic eruption to cause direct loss of life, because it usually flows slowly, allowing ---- time for people to be evacuated.

A) every B) no
C) a D) any
E) enough

3. Localised resources, such as gold, iron and coal, are not found ----; they are restricted to specific areas.

A) somewhere B) nowhere
C) anywhere D) everywhere
E) nowhere else

4. Research shows that watching multiple episodes of a TV series one after ---- may interfere with ---- ability to sleep.

A) others / one's B) the others / our
C) each other / an D) another / your
E) every other / the

5. Because plastic bags are difficult and costly to recycle, ---- of them end up as waste in landfill sites and contaminate the soil.

A) each B) any
C) few D) none
E) most

6. The words "prodigy" and "protégé" have ---- in common: they sound alike and are ---- used to refer to children or young persons.

A) lots of / either B) much / all
C) some / much D) a lot / both
E) all / each

7. Veganism is a philosophy and way of living which seeks to exclude ---- forms of cruelty to animals and their exploitation for food, clothing or ---- purpose.

A) all / any other B) few / no other
C) whole / another D) some / the other
E) any / other

8. In psychology, ---- who believe that their own hard work, qualities and decisions determine ---- success are described as having an 'internal locus of control'.

A) they / themselves B) ones / them
C) those / their D) the ones / one
E) these / one's

9. ---- zoo animals spend their entire lives in captivity; they are kept and bred without ---- chance of ever being released into their natural habitats.

A) Most / any B) Hardly any / a
C) Very few / some D) Any / the
E) No / enough

10. A report reveals that the Arctic is warming at a faster pace than ---- of the world and that by 2050, it may experience its first summer without ---- sea ice.

A) that / little B) some / lots of
C) a half / much D) the rest / any
E) whole / enough

11. The turtles called red-eared sliders have devastating impacts on ---- pond ecosystems as they eat almost ----, including plants, molluscs, insects and fish.

- A) whole / whichever
- B) all / anything
- C) any / something
- D) the whole of / whatever
- E) all of / everything

12. If children don't feel loved and valued by their parents, they will start to doubt ---- and their abilities, and this may also affect their relationships with ----.

- A) others / theirs
- B) them / themselves
- C) themselves / others
- D) theirs / them
- E) the others / their own

13. Long periods of inactivity, such as ---- spent indoors, have been known to cause ---- of depressive symptoms including low self-esteem and gloominess.

- A) one / a great deal
- B) the ones / a large amount
- C) that / plenty
- D) the one / a few
- E) those / a number

14. Although ---- museums prohibit direct contact with the items on display, there are ---- that offer hands-on activities and interactive opportunities for visitors.

- A) all / none
- B) very few / many
- C) most / a few
- D) no / some
- E) some / most

15. Some sources have mistakenly claimed that the average human attention span is one second shorter than ---- of a goldfish.

- A) most
- B) this
- C) any
- D) that
- E) some

16. The flu and the common cold are ---- contagious illnesses, but the flu is caused by influenza viruses only while the common cold can be caused by ---- different viruses.

- A) any / all
- B) every / several
- C) all / any
- D) both / a number of
- E) each / no

17. Although space rockets appear to be similar, ---- two are alike; in fact, these complex devices are built with ---- of different pieces designed to work together.

- A) none / a lot
- B) every / a majority
- C) no / a vast quantity
- D) each / a great number
- E) any / a large quantity

18. ---- of information people share on social media platforms makes ---- easy targets for cybercriminals and hackers.

- A) A great number / these
- B) The large sums / some
- C) The vast amount / them
- D) A great majority / those
- E) A large quantity / it

19. Slavery in Rome was imposed upon people from ---- regions, both within and outside the empire; it was never inflicted exclusively on ---- particular racial or ethnic group.

- A) whole of / any
- B) all / a
- C) no / the
- D) every / some
- E) each of / one

20. Of the ---- species of spiders, the black widow and the brown recluse are the only poisonous ones; if you suspect that you've been bitten by ----, you should see a doctor.

- A) many / either
- B) both / neither
- C) all / each
- D) some / all
- E) either / one



1. - 5. sorularda, aşağıdaki parçada numaralanmış yerlere uygun düşen sözcük veya ifadeyi bulunuz.

The Leaning Tower of Pisa, one of Italy's most iconic landmarks, captivates visitors with its unique tilt and fascinating history. (1)---- over 800 years ago, the tower's lean was unintentional, resulting from unstable ground conditions during its construction. (2)---- numerous attempts to correct its lean, including extensive restoration work in recent years, the tower still tilts at a dangerous angle. Yet, it only adds to its (3)---- rather than diminishing it. Standing next to Pisa Cathedral in the Square of Miracles, the tower draws tourists from around the world (4)---- its distinctive white marble exterior and intricate design. Visitors can climb the tower's spiral staircase to enjoy breathtaking views of Pisa and the surrounding Tuscan countryside, (5)---- creating unforgettable memories.

1. A) To have been built B) Built
C) Building D) Having built
E) To be built
2. A) Owing to B) In case of
C) But for D) Contrary to
E) Despite
3. A) destruction B) charm
C) likelihood D) gravity
E) adjustment
4. A) by B) along
C) with D) from
E) within
5. A) thus B) instead of
C) such as D) except for
E) so

6. - 10. sorularda, aşağıdaki parçada numaralanmış yerlere uygun düşen sözcük veya ifadeyi bulunuz.

Stuttering, a speech disorder where one repeats some sounds, syllables or words several times, can have various causes. While genes have an impact (6)---- whether one will suffer from it, environmental factors also contribute to its development. Children (7)---- when they are learning to speak but often outgrow it. However, for some, it persists into adulthood. Stressful situations or anxiety can worsen stuttering, making it more challenging (8)---- fluently. Neurological differences in the brain's speech-processing areas may also play a part. (9)----, developmental issues during early childhood, such as language delays or disruptions in speech production pathways, can result in stuttering. Although the (10)---- cause may vary from person to person, a combination of genetic predisposition, environmental influences and neurological factors likely underlies stuttering.

6. A) on B) at
C) of D) over
E) by
7. A) could have stuttered B) may stutter
C) are able to stutter D) have to stutter
E) had better stutter
8. A) speaking B) to have spoken
C) to be speaking D) having spoken
E) to speak
9. A) Even so B) Furthermore
C) To conclude D) Afterwards
E) Nonetheless
10. A) identical B) vital
C) clear D) exact
E) vague

11. - 15. sorularda, aşağıdaki parçada numaralanmış yerlere uygun düşen sözcük veya ifadeyi bulunuz.

Electronic waste, commonly referred to as e-waste, poses a significant environmental and health challenge globally. The disposal of outdated or broken gadgets has become a pressing (11)---- as electronic devices have become more popular. E-waste includes a wide variety of products that are known (12)---- hazardous substances like lead, mercury and cadmium. Improper disposal methods, such as burning or dumping e-waste in landfills, can release toxic chemicals (13)---- the air, soil and water. (14)---- this, initiatives promoting electronic recycling and responsible disposal have been started. These initiatives aim to promote a more sustainable approach to technology consumption. (15)----, organisations like "Recycle Now" in the UK offer drop-off points where individuals can responsibly dispose of their electronic devices.

11.
A) issue
B) substance
C) expense
D) progress
E) medium
12.
A) to be contained
B) to contain
C) contain
D) having contained
E) containing
13.
A) off
B) upon
C) into
D) aside
E) out of
14.
A) Contrary to
B) Rather than
C) With the aim of
D) Because of
E) As well as
15.
A) Instead
B) Otherwise
C) Nevertheless
D) In contrast
E) For instance

16. - 20. sorularda, aşağıdaki parçada numaralanmış yerlere uygun düşen sözcük veya ifadeyi bulunuz.

Water use has been growing globally at more than twice the rate of population growth in the last century. And many regions are reaching the limit at which water services can be sustainably (16)----. According to the United Nations (UN), 1.8 billion people across the world are expected (17)---- with "absolute" water scarcity by the end of the decade. The situation will be exacerbated, (18)---- rapidly growing urban areas put significant demand on neighbouring water resources, which are disappearing at an alarming rate. Wetlands, lakes, rivers and groundwater aquifers are all falling victim (19)---- climate change, pollution and overexploitation. These natural spaces need urgent protection, and those that are degraded need to be revived through large-scale restoration. (20)----, the UN Environment Assembly has asked countries to better manage aquatic ecosystems and strengthen collaboration on the issue.

16.
A) functioned
B) polluted
C) irrigated
D) accessed
E) demonstrated
17.
A) to have faced
B) having faced
C) facing
D) to be faced
E) being faced
18.
A) so
B) or
C) for
D) yet
E) nor
19.
A) to
B) from
C) for
D) within
E) among
20.
A) Likewise
B) On the other hand
C) Otherwise
D) In other words
E) Hence

21. - 25. sorularda, aşağıdaki parçada numaralanmış yerlere uygun düşen sözcük veya ifadeyi bulunuz.

Lascaux, located in Southwestern France, is renowned for its magnificent cave paintings, which date back over 17,000 years. Discovered in 1940 by a group of teenagers, the cave complex contains over 600 wall paintings (21)---- prehistoric life. These paintings predominantly feature animals (22)---- horses, bulls and deer, executed with remarkable skill and attention to detail. The tourists who visit the cave are (23)---- by the cave's most famous chamber, the Hall of the Bulls, which has larger-than-life depictions of these majestic creatures. Due to concerns (24)---- preservation, the original cave was closed to the public in 1963. (25)----, an exact replica known as Lascaux II allows visitors to experience the awe-inspiring beauty of the ancient artwork while preserving the fragile originals.

21. A) being depicted B) depict
C) having depicted D) depicting
E) to depict
22. A) on behalf of B) rather than
C) as well as D) according to
E) such as
23. A) instructed B) occupied
C) captivated D) accompanied
E) preserved
24. A) to B) about
C) at D) in
E) upon
25. A) In conclusion B) In other words
C) However D) For instance
E) In fact

26. - 30. sorularda, aşağıdaki parçada numaralanmış yerlere uygun düşen sözcük veya ifadeyi bulunuz.

The geocentric model in ancient astronomy depicted the universe with Earth at the centre. This standpoint prevailed in a large number of ancient European civilisations (26)---- throughout the Islamic Golden Age. There were two observations reinforcing the belief around Earth being the centre of the Universe. Firstly, (27)---- any location on Earth, the Sun seems to revolve around the Earth once every day. (28)---- the Moon and the planets move independently, they also appear to orbit Earth approximately once every day. Secondly, based on the (29)---- of an earthbound observer, whether ancient or modern, Earth seems to be still, solid and unchanging. (30)----, ancient people mistakenly concluded that Earth was at the centre of the universe.

26. A) as well as B) rather
C) in addition to D) in case of
E) in comparison with
27. A) between B) among
C) through D) along
E) from
28. A) While B) Provided that
C) As soon as D) Only if
E) Wherever
29. A) representative B) altitude
C) magnitude D) stare
E) perspective
30. A) Indeed B) Instead
C) Otherwise D) On the contrary
E) Consequently

31. - 35. sorularda, aşağıdaki parçada numaralanmış yerlere uygun düşen sözcük veya ifadeyi bulunuz.

The bald eagle is a large bird that has been the national symbol of the United States since 1782. Despite their national fame, however, bald eagles were almost (31)---- in the US in the mid-1900s. This near-extinction was caused by decades (32)---- sport hunting and habitat destruction. DDT, a pesticide that became popular after World War II, also harmed eagles that ate contaminated fish (33)---- it weakened their eggshells so much that they'd crack during incubation. (34)----, the US banned DDT use in 1972 and began intensive population management strategies that led to eagle recovery in the wild and their eventual removal from the Endangered Species Act list in 2007. What's more, according to research (35)---- recently, the population in the lower 48 states has become four times bigger since 2009.

31.

- A) given off B) taken apart
C) turned over D) wiped out
E) blown up

32.

- A) throughout B) of
C) towards D) over
E) for

33.

- A) as long as B) in order that
C) since D) unless
E) although

34.

- A) For instance B) As a result
C) That is D) Conversely
E) Besides

35.

- A) presenting B) having presented
C) presented D) to present
E) to be presented

36. - 40. sorularda, aşağıdaki parçada numaralanmış yerlere uygun düşen sözcük veya ifadeyi bulunuz.

A remarkable Viking burial ground has been unearthed in Denmark, close to the village of Åsum on Funen Island. This chance discovery, which revealed nearly 50 well-preserved skeletons, was made during preparations (36)---- electrical cables. Conducted by archaeologists from Museum Odense, this discovery is extraordinary as human remains from the Viking Age (793 to 1066 CE) are rare (37)---- the acidic Scandinavian soils that hinder bone preservation. The nearly complete skeletons found in this dig present unique opportunities for extensive scientific analyses, allowing researchers to (38)---- various aspects such as the health, diet and origins of the individuals buried at the site. (39)----, the dig also offers the chance to investigate familial relationships among the buried Vikings, a significant angle that has not been examined in previous Viking graves. This unprecedented find could provide vital insights (40)---- the social dynamics of Viking communities.

36.

- A) to lay B) laying
C) having laid D) laid
E) to have laid

37.

- A) as well as B) rather than
C) on behalf of D) owing to
E) contrary to

38.

- A) explore B) treat
C) diagnose D) overlook
E) improve

39.

- A) Instead B) On the contrary
C) Still D) Furthermore
E) Briefly

40.

- A) by B) into
C) across D) around
E) from



1. - 18. sorularda, verilen cümleyi uygun şekilde tamamlayan ifadeyi bulunuz.

1. Owing to the highly dense population of the city, ----.

- A) the demand for healthcare services has decreased rapidly
- B) people are having difficulty in finding affordable houses
- C) living costs have remained unaffected as well as unemployment rates
- D) the job market has become less competitive for candidates
- E) the number of pedestrians is getting lower and lower day by day

2. Notwithstanding the importance of salt to human and animal health, ----.

- A) it is often added to people's food in its granulated white form
- B) ancient civilisations likely considered it a valuable resource, especially in Anatolia
- C) its excessive use is estimated to render 2,000 hectares of farmland infertile each day
- D) the higher the salt concentration in water, the more buoyant objects become
- E) salt itself can pass from animals to humans when the former are consumed by the latter

3. Seeing that the object displayed at the entrance is both irreplaceable and highly valuable ----.

- A) switching the originals with such replicas would be a cost-effective solution
- B) it makes no sense to get a new one as all objects eventually lose their value
- C) it should be relocated to a secure exhibition area for protection and admiration
- D) there is no need to make such a fuss about its loss
- E) it will probably cost no more than we're willing to pay

4. Besides opening up a potential career in classical music, ----.

- A) the orchestra is unlikely to have a spare place for at least a few months
- B) learning the piano also develops the values of patience and dedication in students
- C) gaining a permanent role in the opera company remains a significant challenge
- D) mastering the violin demands a greater time commitment than many can afford
- E) the trombone is not particularly appreciated when played in isolation

5. Although Germany's military preparations and intentions against Poland were clear to observers in 1939, ----.

- A) the occupation of Poland by Germany would last for a number of years
- B) the outbreak of the Second World War that year was not unexpected
- C) the German air force had far superior equipment to the Polish one
- D) many were still taken by surprise when it was actually invaded
- E) the border between the two states ran inland from the Baltic Sea

6. In 1603, the playwright William Shakespeare wanted to impress the new English king, who was Scottish; ----.

- A) however, it is difficult for scholars to decide which of his plays is actually the best
- B) nevertheless, the new monarch would outlive Shakespeare by almost nine years
- C) moreover, his dramatic career stretched from 1589 to 1613
- D) on the other hand, he had wished to attract the attention of this new ruler
- E) thus, he set a powerful drama in this monarch's home country

7. **Flying fish are one of the symbols of the Caribbean island of Barbados, ----.**
- A) for they are no longer found in the waters surrounding the island
 - B) yet they are commonly associated with aviation techniques
 - C) so they are often served as part of the national dish "cou-cou and flying fish"
 - D) and likewise, they do not fly in the way in which most birds can
 - E) but they have played a significant role in the island's culture and cuisine for centuries
8. **Armando Giovanni Iannucci decided to discontinue his doctorate on the seventeenth-century poet John Milton ----.**
- A) although he has been nominated for both an Oscar and an Emmy for his screenwriting
 - B) while Milton's most famous work is his epic *Paradise Lost*
 - C) in order that he could commence on a career in comedy
 - D) because he graduated from Oxford University with full honours later that year
 - E) since he has never come to regret making that decision
9. **----, the rehearsal can hopefully continue without any further interruptions.**
- A) Now that the confusion over the opening of Act Two has been cleared up
 - B) Due to a strong likelihood that a basketball match is about to be played in here
 - C) Instead of practising the performance of the characters in the play
 - D) Even if all the actors now appear to be content with the roles they've been given
 - E) As a result of the argument between the director and her sound technician
10. **The swimming pool located in the Hotel Terme Millepini in Italy is not a regular hotel swimming pool ----.**
- A) even though it is more attractive to divers than normal families
 - B) as it has an incredible depth of 40 metres and holds over 5 million litres of water
 - C) although the hotel itself has all the luxuries that set it apart as a truly unparalleled destination
 - D) since its water is chlorinated in the same manner as that of other hotels to maintain a consistent standard
 - E) whereas it features intricate underwater caves and tunnels, making it a world-class destination for divers
11. **In addition to having few articles of any interest, ----.**
- A) the library is stocked with some really profound books
 - B) this month's issue of the magazine contains hardly any decent photographs
 - C) the encyclopaedia has covered all of the material that is necessary
 - D) this edition of the newspaper has reports from all over the world
 - E) the collaborative work needs to continue to be edited as effectively as it has been so far
12. **Though the Venetian Marco Polo is often regarded as one of the best travel writers of the Middle Ages, ----.**
- A) his book has been translated into numerous languages
 - B) it appears that he influenced Christopher Columbus' voyage to the New World
 - C) the great journeys carried out by him were quite unique
 - D) some scholars debate the accuracy of his accounts
 - E) another one is the Moroccan explorer Ibn Battuta, who travelled even farther

13. ---- on account of the strong likelihood of rain for that evening.

- A) It is unlikely that the outdoor volleyball match will face any delays on Sunday
- B) On Tuesday, the year-long preparation to begin the manufacturing of umbrellas will be over
- C) The weather forecaster cannot even hint at what the weather on Saturday may be
- D) The cancellation of Friday's concert is simply not an option to be contemplated
- E) An alternative plan to Wednesday's open-air festival needs to be drawn up

14. ----; moreover, the protected wildlife is attracting tourists and helping the local economy.

- A) The ban on hunting in this region has saved certain species from extinction
- B) The national park was threatened by an oil company that wished to drill in it
- C) Many inhabitants of this province remain unaware of the benefits of conservation
- D) The beach here must be kept free of humans if the turtles are to survive
- E) The municipality cannot think of any other way to draw in visitors than beach holidays

15. As a result of an increasingly popular Internet campaign to reappoint the coach of the team, ----.

- A) she'll be back in charge at the beginning of next week
- B) the management are continuing with their plans to hire a replacement
- C) it at first attracted far less attention than is doing now
- D) the reaction to her firing is hardly noticeable
- E) her dismissal due to bribery allegations is still seen as fair

16. So as to decrease the potential risk of financial hardship, ----.

- A) the firm remains optimistic about gaining new orders in the coming months
- B) the farm diversifies its income by cultivating multiple crops
- C) the taking out of insurance was rejected by the management
- D) the goods owned by some households are not worth anything near their original price
- E) the banker has invested in shares that can either dramatically rise or fall in value

17. Currently, the worldwide value of gold is fairly unstable; ----.

- A) as a result, it is regarded as a secure investment
- B) that is, it has long been thought of as a highly precious metal
- C) hence, it is a key element in many traditional ceremonies across various cultures
- D) still, the value of a diamond is determined largely by the quality of its cut
- E) furthermore, the global price of fuel remains unpredictable with similar economic volatility

18. ----, the new ski resort has opted for small cosy wooden cottages scattered over the slope.

- A) Despite originally claiming it aimed to use natural materials for the dwellings
- B) As well as anticipating a surge in visitors during the peak season
- C) In order to make them clearly visible during the violent snowstorms that affect the region
- D) Even though broken ski equipment cannot easily be fixed in this remote spot
- E) In contrast to the enormous concrete building housing the hotel down the road



1. - 3. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

Sleeping with mouth tape, or surgical tape placed over the lips to prevent mouth breathing, has become a social media trend. According to a 2023 survey of 2,005 adults who had recently tried sleep trends, more than one in 10 people had tried mouth taping. People admit to trying the trend to stop snoring, reduce mouth breathing and—for some—to change their face shape. Some videos on social media platforms claim that mouth-taping enhances the jawline and reduces the appearance of a double chin. Despite the growing popularity of the sleep trend, the medical evidence to support this practice is scant, says Indira Gurubhagavatula, professor of medicine at Perelman School of Medicine at the University of Pennsylvania and spokesperson for the American Academy of Sleep Medicine. Instead, mouth taping may actually cause health problems. Although some users don't experience any issues from using mouth tape, the practice can make it hard for others to get enough oxygen. Gurubhagavatula says that, in particular, people with existing lung conditions or known sleep apnoea should be cautious about using mouth tape.

2. The underlined word 'scant' is closest in meaning to ----.

- A) insufficient B) well-known
C) objective D) valuable
E) certain

1. We learn from the passage that sleeping with mouth tape ----.

- A) has recently appealed to more people than it did before
B) could be the answer to a broad range of health-related issues
C) is known to be the leading factor for some fatal diseases related to breathing
D) may make one more prone to snoring unless it is done properly
E) wouldn't have spread across the globe but for Gurubhagavatula's support

3. Which of the following could be the best title for the passage?

- A) Recent Social Trends
B) Mouth-Taping for Sleep Recovery
C) How to Avoid a Double Chin
D) Risks of Mouth-Taping
E) The Causes of Sleep Apnoea

4. - 6. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

A widespread misconception about the Vikings is that they were solely ruthless, barbaric raiders with no regard for culture or civilisation. This stereotype is largely influenced by medieval chronicles and modern media, which often depict them as brutish warriors and pillagers. However, the truth is far more nuanced and complex. The origins of this misconception can be traced back to historical sources written by those who witnessed Viking raids. These accounts, often written by monks, were naturally biased, focusing on the destructive aspects of the Viking expeditions while underplaying their contributions to trade and culture. Additionally, sensationalised portrayals in popular media, including films and TV shows, have strengthened the image of Vikings as mere savages. In reality, Vikings were skilled navigators, traders and settlers who established extensive trade networks across Europe, Asia and even North America. They founded settlements, including cities like Dublin and Kyiv and made significant contributions to art, craftsmanship and governance. In conclusion, the Viking Age was marked by both their adventurous spirit and their complex societies, far removed from the one-dimensional image of mindless brutality often depicted. Understanding this broader perspective helps to appreciate the true legacy of the Vikings.

4. According to the passage, it is not surprising that ----.

- A) Europe, Asia and North America were all colonised by the Viking warriors thanks to their sailing skills
- B) the Vikings did not have as adventurous a spirit as is often described in different forms of popular media
- C) medieval chronicles and modern media contradict each other as regards the way Vikings lived
- D) people are often inclined to favour sensational news reports they see on various sources over historical facts
- E) the monks who suffered the consequences of Viking attacks ignored the Vikings' positive effects on culture

5. We can understand from the passage that popular media ----.

- A) sheds light on how the Viking warriors actually lived
- B) is trying very hard to improve the image of the Vikings
- C) currently focuses more on civilisation than on anything else
- D) continues to spread false information about ancient civilisations
- E) generally tends to distort facts about the Viking culture

6. What is the author's attitude towards the Vikings?

- A) Indifferent
- B) Narrow-minded
- C) Positive
- D) Disapproving
- E) Sarcastic

7. - 9. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

Australia has a rich and diverse history that stretches back over 65,000 years. The continent was first inhabited by Aboriginal people, who developed complex societies and deep spiritual connections to the land long before European explorers arrived. Their cultures were rich in oral traditions, art and sustainable practices. In 1606, Dutch explorer Willem Janszoon became the first European to set foot on Australia's shores. However, it wasn't until 1770 that British explorer James Cook mapped the eastern coastline and claimed the land for Britain. In 1788, the First Fleet arrived in Botany Bay, marking the beginning of European colonisation. This period was marked by the establishment of penal colonies intended to alleviate the pressure on Britain's overcrowded prisons and the displacement of Aboriginal people. Throughout the 19th century, Australia expanded rapidly with the discovery of gold and the establishment of new colonies. By 1901, the colonies united to form the Commonwealth of Australia, gaining self-governance while remaining part of the British Empire. Over the 20th century, Australia evolved into a fully independent nation, experiencing significant social and economic transformations, including the movement towards reconciliation with its Indigenous peoples and the development of a growing multicultural society.

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7. One can understand from the passage that Aboriginal people ----.

- A) welcomed the First Fleet since they had no idea how its arrival would impact them in the long term
- B) were adversely affected by European colonisation, which led to their being forced away from their homes
- C) felt forced to set up some colonies in order to keep the European population in their country under control
- D) had a lifestyle and set of traditions which were too complicated for European settlers to comprehend
- E) defeated the European invaders at first but eventually had to surrender to them in the 18th century

8. It is stated in the passage that Australia ----.

- A) suffered ecologically as a consequence of the discovery of a metal
- B) has a long way to go until it can truly govern itself
- C) still had some ties to the British Empire in the early 20th century
- D) owes its current level of prosperity to the end of the conflict with the Aborigines
- E) was densely settled before Willem Janszoon first visited its shores

9. The passage is mainly about ----.

- A) The Aborigines' enormous respect for nature
- B) the historical development of Australia
- C) Australia in the previous century
- D) the Commonwealth of Australia
- E) how colonists exploited Aborigines

10. - 12. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

Mountains form through several geological processes that take place over millions of years. One of the main ways mountains are created is through the movement of tectonic plates. The Earth's crust is made up of large plates that float on the semi-fluid mantle below. When two tectonic plates collide, the force of their collision can push the Earth's crust upwards, forming mountain ranges. This is known as mountain building or orogeny. Another process that forms mountains is volcanic activity. When magma from beneath the Earth's crust escapes to the surface through volcanoes, it cools and solidifies, building up over time to create volcanic mountains. These mountains often have a distinct conical shape and are found near tectonic plate boundaries. Erosion and weathering also play a role in shaping mountains. Over time, wind, water and ice wear down the rock, carving out valleys and peaks. This process can transform tall, jagged mountains into smoother, more rounded forms.

10. What can be concluded from the passage about the Earth's crust?

- A) There is a liquid mantle covering it.
- B) It is significantly thicker than the liquid mantle.
- C) Few mountains owe their existence to it.
- D) It is composed of parts which are not stationary.
- E) It becomes thinner as mountains form.

11. We can infer from the passage that most volcanic mountains ----.

- A) are more resistant to erosion than other types of mountains
- B) have a round flat base and sides that slope up to a point
- C) actually lie beneath a thick layer of magma
- D) are formed due to the collision of two plates in the Earth's crust
- E) tower above the mountains formed by other geological processes

12. What is the primary purpose of the author?

- A) To compare and contrast valleys and mountains
- B) To explain the processes by which mountains are formed
- C) To argue that all mountains are actually formed through the same geological process
- D) To emphasise the importance of mountain building
- E) To promote the benefits of learning about mountains

13. - 15. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

Hannibal was one of the most famous military commanders of ancient history. He was born in 247 BCE in Carthage, which is now modern-day Tunisia. Hannibal is best known for leading the Carthaginian army during the Second Punic War against Rome. One of his most remarkable achievements was his daring and risky march across the Alps in 218 BCE. Hannibal took his army, including war elephants, through the treacherous mountain range to surprise the Romans. This bold move is considered one of the greatest military feats in history. Hannibal won several important battles in Italy, including the Battle of Cannae, where his tactics led to a major defeat for the Romans. Despite his successes, Hannibal faced difficulties in maintaining supply lines and support from his homeland. Eventually, Rome managed to turn the tide and defeat Carthage. Facing capture, Hannibal chose to end his life rather than be taken by his enemies. According to historical accounts, he drank poison to avoid being paraded as a captive in Rome. Hannibal's death marked the end of an era for Carthaginian resistance against Rome. Despite his dramatic end, Hannibal's innovative tactics and bold strategies made him a legendary figure in military history.

13. It is pointed out in the passage that Hannibal ----.

- A) relied on cutting off Rome's supply lines to win a decisive victory
- B) chose suicide over the humiliation of imprisonment in Rome
- C) continued to inspire other people in Carthage even after his death
- D) was not a remarkable figure at all until he led his army during the Second Punic War
- E) surrendered to the Romans even though it was embarrassing for him

14. One can understand from the passage that the Romans ----.

- A) achieved success via peaceful means
- B) would have treated Hannibal with respect
- C) finally won the war against Carthage
- D) poisoned Hannibal when he resisted surrendering
- E) benefited from the treacherous terrain of the Alps

15. The passage mainly deals with ----.

- A) the Roman military superiority during the Second Punic War
- B) the importance of supply lines and support in battles
- C) Hannibal's achievements and significance as a commander
- D) how proud a particular commander from Carthage was
- E) the way Rome treated its defeated and captured enemies

16. - 18. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

Researchers at the University of Colorado Boulder designed a synthetic adhesive that mimics the microscopic structures found on gecko feet, which enable these lizards to cling to various surfaces with amazing strength and precision. Geckos' feet feature millions of tiny hair-like structures called setae, which interact with surfaces at a molecular level through van der Waals forces, allowing them to stick without the need for glue or suction. By replicating these structures, scientists created an adhesive that can bond to a wide range of materials while remaining reusable and residue-free. This bio-inspired adhesive has numerous potential applications, including in robotics, where it could enable robots to climb walls or handle delicate objects with greater ease. The technology also holds promise for medical applications, such as developing new types of bandages that adhere securely but gently to skin. This example of biomimicry illustrates how studying natural systems can lead to innovative solutions in technology, bridging the gap between nature's time-tested strategies and human engineering challenges.

16. It is stated in the passage that geckos ----.

- A) might soon be used in some medical experiments on injuries
- B) were not expected to give scientists the idea for a novelty
- C) do not rely on glue or suction while clinging to surfaces
- D) are outperformed when it comes to climbing vertical surfaces
- E) use an adhesive tape in order to hold on tightly to some surfaces

17. One can conclude from the passage that the new adhesive ----.

- A) could possibly be used in a broad range of fields
- B) will not be affordable unless it is produced on a large scale
- C) is likely to irritate the skin if it isn't used properly
- D) will be used solely for the purpose of covering wounds
- E) actually leaves more substances on surfaces

18. The passage primarily focuses on ----.

- A) some adhesive materials
- B) van der Waals forces
- C) a particular lizard species
- D) how gecko feet form
- E) an example of biomimicry

19. - 21. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

A group of curious items was unearthed in the 1930s close to Baghdad, Iraq. Some people think that these objects, which are now known as the Baghdad Battery, date back to roughly 200 BCE and are the first known instances of batteries. Historians and archaeologists continue to form theories on the Baghdad Battery's true purpose. According to some academics, these antique batteries may have been used to electroplate things with gold or silver. Metal can be deposited onto an object, such as a piece of jewellery, by passing a current through a solution containing metal ions. The electroplating procedure might have been utilised for ceremonial purposes. According to others, the Baghdad Battery was employed for medical treatment, notably electrotherapy for pain management. Electric fish were used by the ancient Greeks to treat pain, and it is probable that Mesopotamians also discovered a means of achieving a similar result with the help of these primitive cells. There are also some who **conjecture** that the batteries may have been utilised in religious ceremonies. It was possible for a weak current to be linked to an item and generate a sensation or movement that may be seen as having mystical or religious implications.

19. According to the passage, some experts think that the Baghdad Battery ----.

- A) could have been used for electroplating objects for formal ritual occasions
- B) was developed as a result of medical knowledge passed down through generations
- C) was once used to electrify patients with fish exported from Greece
- D) is something the ancient Greeks were wrongly credited for
- E) was first developed in the capital of Iraq in the early 20th century

20. The underlined word 'conjecture' is closest in meaning to ----.

- A) prove
- B) guess
- C) reveal
- D) deny
- E) forecast

21. The passage is mainly about ----.

- A) the steps involved in the process of electroplating in Iraq in the distant past
- B) how early batteries were used for medical treatment in ancient Mesopotamia
- C) several archaeological discoveries shedding light on the history of Iraq
- D) an ancient artefact which some consider to be an early example of battery technology
- E) different types of batteries used during ceremonies in ancient Iraq

22. - 24. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

The longest-known brooding period of any animal was reported in 2014 when scientists revealed details about a deep-sea octopus. According to researchers, such a long-term investment was due to the low temperatures the octopus inhabits. In species that live in shallower, warmer waters, octopus mothers look after their fertilised eggs until they hatch between 1-3 months later. But in the colder depths, metabolic processes are dramatically slowed, prompting them to care for their eggs for much longer. The brooding period is brutal for an octopus mother. While caring for her eggs, protecting them from predators and making sure they get enough oxygen, she does not feed. She will eventually die of starvation. The researchers studying the deep-sea octopus saw her condition deteriorate over the course of their submarine visits: her colour faded, and her eyes became cloudy. There's no doubt she was one tough mother; her 4.5-year brooding period is an unmatched endurance feat. The reason she underwent this is to give her hatchlings the best start in life. They are the largest and most developed of any octopus, which gives them a significant advantage in the survival stakes.

22. One can understand from the passage that a lower sea temperature means ----.

- A) instant death for a particular octopus species which typically inhabits shallow waters
- B) young octopuses can grow to enormous sizes with little oxygen
- C) an octopus mother will need to tend to her eggs for an extended period of time
- D) deep-sea octopuses do not need to continue doing something painful or difficult
- E) an accelerated metabolic rate for some octopus species that live in deep waters

23. Which of the following is true about the record-holding octopus mother?

- A) Her eyes became less clear and her colour brighter just before her death.
- B) The submarine visits obviously had an adverse impact on her health.
- C) She suffered the most violent and cruel attacks from predators.
- D) She wouldn't have died of hunger if she had been as tough as her peers.
- E) She sacrificed herself in order to ensure the long-term survival of her offspring.

24. Which of the following could be the best title for the passage?

- A) An Epic Brooding Journey
- B) Hunger in the Oceans
- C) Not Worth the Effort
- D) Shallow vs Deep Waters
- E) Metabolism and Temperature



1. - 16. sorularda, karşılıklı konuşmanın boş bırakılan kısmını tamamlayabilecek ifadeyi bulunuz.

1. Ricky:

- **Do you think the supervisor picks on me more than our other colleagues?**

Nelson:

- ----

Ricky:

- **But you must have noticed that she gives me official warnings more than anyone else.**

Nelson:

- **That may be the case, but it still doesn't stop me regarding her as completely fair because you are the slackest worker amongst us!**

- A) She has always struck me as someone who is completely fair to all those who work beneath her.
- B) You may have a point as she does tend to target you when it comes to formally cautioning us.
- C) Her being employed here has been a problem for all of us, as she is clearly biased towards her relatives.
- D) I have never even witnessed her taking any form of action against us even when we deserve it.
- E) On the contrary, I've seen her clearly favouring you for the easiest tasks that need to be carried out.

2. George:

- **I'm quite annoyed with myself as it has taken me over three months to finish this novel, and as you can see, it's not very long.**

Fiona:

- ----

George:

- **That's not a very nice thing to say, but what do you mean by it anyway?**

Fiona:

- **It is not the speed at which you read that matters, but how well you understand the book.**

- A) I would be just as irritated with myself if I were you right now.
- B) I think your whole attitude towards reading is flawed.
- C) It is obvious that you haven't set sufficient time aside for the book.
- D) As for me, it only took me three days to complete.
- E) It could be that it took you so long because it is undeniably difficult.

3. Cathy:
– **You do realise that the loan you are intending to take out from the bank will take you years to repay, don't you?**

Anthony:
– ----

- Cathy:
– **How can you be so sure that you'll get it, though?**

Anthony:
– **I can't, but I've heard rumours about it, and I've chosen to trust them.**

- A) No, as in fact, I was able to honour my debt to the bank within just a matter of months.
B) I wish our firm would give us another pay rise within the next couple of months.
C) I've heard lots of interesting gossip about this bank from my cousin who works there.
D) That's not my main concern, as I'm not even positive that I'll be granted it in the first place.
E) Of course, but I'm expecting a promotion soon, so it won't be a real problem.

4. Paul:
– **Have you had any experience with electric cars?**

David:
– ----

Paul:
– **How did you find it?**

David:
– **Whilst quieter, it seemed to function just as well as a regular car, but without me having been behind the wheel, it is difficult to give it a proper analysis.**

- A) A few weeks ago, I was given a lift across the city in one that belongs to my cousin.
B) No, but I've long been fascinated as to how different it is from a car with a motor.
C) In fact, I got the chance to drive one when my wife and I rented one on our Europe tour.
D) I used to have a deep and misguided prejudice against that type of vehicle.
E) Actually, I used to want to buy one of my own to cut down on fuel bills.

5. Ashley:
– **I still haven't heard anything back from the firm I applied to last month.**

Sandra:
– **Unfortunately, that can't be a good sign.**

Ashley:
– ----

Sandra:
– **Yes, they wouldn't have failed to get in touch otherwise.**

- A) I still believe that I had the perfect qualifications for the position, however.
B) I feel embarrassed about calling them in order to find out for sure.
C) I still remain optimistic about the whole thing, though.
D) I agree, as I'm sure they would have contacted me by now if they had wanted me.
E) I don't know; Kylie hasn't heard from them yet either.

6. Miranda:
– **It's your birthday next Friday, you know. Would you like me to invite some friends over to celebrate it?**

Brian:
– **That sounds awesome, but tell everyone not to bring any presents.**

Miranda:
– **That's odd! Why not?**

Brian:
– ----

Miranda:
– **I get it, but maybe it's still nice for them to show they care.**

- A) Because I really appreciate it when people take time to figure out what I would like the most.
B) I'm sure all of them will choose wonderful gifts for me.
C) They will feel obliged to do it, and I don't want to end up having stuff I won't even use.
D) Well, I will be thrilled that they were so thoughtful as to buy me a gift.
E) This way, they will be able to let me know how much they care for me.

7. Stephen:
- **I'm surprised you looked so annoyed with the last conference speaker as his views on quantum physics are similar to yours.**

Nelly:

- ----

Stephen:

- **What do you mean by that?**

Nelly:

- **It soon became clear to me that he had taken my innovative ideas from my recent article, but he made no mention of my name in his speech at all, thus acting as if they were his own.**

- A) Actually, my anger stems from the fact that they are exactly the same.
- B) I'm now quite offended by this as you should realise that my approach is far more radical than his.
- C) In fact, they are quite commonplace, and there was nothing special about them at all.
- D) Obviously, his being an intellectual thief bothers you almost as much as it bothers me.
- E) You ought to understand that my sole disappointment is that I didn't get to present a paper here myself.

8. Emily:
- **Why are you focusing your revision so much on the ideas of Auguste Comte?**

Timothy:

- **I'm sure that a question about him will come up in the exam, and I especially intend to answer that one properly.**

Emily:

- ----

Timothy:

- **I asked the students who've taken this course before, and in all their exams, Comte's ideas were asked about at least once.**

- A) What in particular in reference to his ideas are you focusing your attention on?
- B) Do you think the level to which you have studied is sufficient to answer the question?
- C) Aren't you yourself even a little interested in what such a great thinker had to say?
- D) What about the other questions that you'll have to answer in addition to that one?
- E) How can you be so certain that such a question will be included?

9. Max:
– **I'm torn between getting a dog or a cat as a pet. What should I do?**

Diana:

- **Well, it really depends on your preferences. Cats are usually low-maintenance, enjoy lounging around and don't require as much attention as dogs.**

Max:

- **So, having a cat might be better for someone with a busier schedule?**

Diana:

– ----

- A) On the contrary, dogs are often more social and energetic, and they tend to form strong bonds with their owners.
B) Definitely. Cats are great for people who want companionship but can't devote as much time to pet care.
C) In that case, a dog might be just the best for you. They're usually more loyal than cats.
D) Don't be so sure. It may mean more hard work than a dog.
E) Both cats and dogs have their own unique charms. However, they are basically the same.

10. Mike:
– **I've had enough of the toxicity in the office.**

Rita:

- **Toxicity? What do you mean?**

Mike:

- **There has just been constant drama and negativity lately, and it's been weighing me down.**

Rita:

– ----

Mike:

- **I've tried talking to the manager, but he is in denial about how messed up things are.**

- A) Is there anything I can do to help? You can just tell me.
B) It must be hard to put up with. Did you bring it up with your superiors?
C) At least you're getting out of there. So what's next for you?
D) It's comforting to know you have someone to lean on during tough times like this.
E) I get it, but if you do decide to leave, make sure it's because you've exhausted all your options.

11. Bruce:
– **I've been reading about these people who are actually training to make a trip to Mars in their lifetimes. I find them to be out of their minds.**

Dennis:

– ----

Bruce:

- **That part I understand of course, but you are probably unaware that their trip is going to be a one-way one.**

Dennis:

- **Really! You mean that they'll never be able to return to Earth once they reach Mars. Now I agree with your original statement.**

- A) So do I; who would want to abandon their families and friends simply to be one of the pioneers of space exploration?
B) Is that because of the discomfort of a two-year-long trip combined with the health risks posed by solar flares?
C) What on earth is wrong with wanting to be the first ever human being to set foot on another planet?
D) How intensive is this preparation that they have to go through before they can become astronauts?
E) That's a very offensive thing to say; I'm sure they can see nothing that should put them off making the attempt – don't you agree?

12. Parent 1:

- **Why is it that we parents commonly say "Good job!" or "Well done!" to our little ones every time they do something good?**

Parent 2:

- **What's the problem with that? Those are praising remarks that help improve a child's self-confidence and motivate them.**

Parent 1:

- ----

Parent 2:

- **Oh, I see your point. You're not critical of praise itself. You think it should really be deserved.**

- A) On the other hand, if we forget to say such things next time they do something good, they will be disappointed.
- B) I believe children should be praised using more flattering words. Those words are too simple and ordinary.
- C) But they should be saved for achievements that are worthy of praise, when the child has done something special.
- D) It seems that if kids are praised frequently, they will feel inspired and even challenged to work hard to succeed.
- E) That's what you think. In most cases, praise can cause unintended results; it can even be damaging to their self-esteem.

13. Richard:

- **There's widespread speculation that a secret society controls world events. It's scary, isn't it?**

Henry:

- **You don't really believe that, do you?**

Richard:

- ----

Henry:

- **That doesn't mean they're part of some secret society pulling strings behind the scenes, though.**

Richard:

- **But what if they are? What if they're orchestrating everything from behind closed doors?**

- A) Come on! Everyone knows powerful groups have influence over global affairs.
- B) I've given it some thought, and I doubt if there is any truth to it at all.
- C) I can understand why people might fall for it, but personally, I'm not convinced.
- D) Of course not. What I'm saying is that we need to critically analyse information first.
- E) I like that idea, but it's important to avoid accepting things as they are.

14. Andy:

- **Did you find the man who installed the new boiler in your flat to be hard-working, honest and reliable?**

Justin:

- **Yes, I did. What makes you ask this?**

Andy:

- ----

Justin:

- **Without a shadow of a doubt. I'll go and get you his mobile number right now, and you can ring him up and fix up a meeting with him immediately.**

- A) It's possible that our dependence on our boiler for both heating and hot water is not a good idea.
- B) The one who did some work at our house probably cheated me out of some money.
- C) I need to get in contact with him as soon as it is possible.
- D) I wanted to know if you'd recommend him as a suitable person to refit our kitchen.
- E) There are some disturbing rumours about him, but I want to hire him as I don't believe them.

15. Kevin:

- **My job interview tomorrow is at 10 o'clock. I'm so nervous that I won't be able to sleep tonight.**

Ronald:

- **Make sure you get there early enough. You must be there at 9:45 or 9:50 the latest.**

Kevin:

- ----

Ronald:

- **On the contrary, it will be a hint that you are conscientious about other people's time.**

- A) Yes, that will give me the chance to take a few deep breaths before the interview.
- B) But that may confuse the interviewers and put me in an awkward situation.
- C) I know. Being late will create a negative impression about who I am.
- D) I will. Even a couple of minutes can make a big difference in their impression of me.
- E) But the time that I get there will give the interviewers a hint about my personality.

16. Nicole:

- **Isn't it amazing how popular sitcoms still are?**

Sally:

- **Honestly, I'm not too thrilled about it. I feel like they're just recycling the same old jokes and clichés.**

Nicole:

- **Really? I think sitcoms offer a sense of comfort and nostalgia that people enjoy.**

Sally:

- ----

Nicole:

- **Fair enough. But sometimes, it's nice to just sit back and laugh without overthinking things.**

- A) I get that, but I prefer shows that challenge the situation as it is and push boundaries.
- B) Yes. Besides, they touch on universal themes and experiences that appeal to a wide audience.
- C) That's a great way to put it. Also, they're easy to watch and don't require a huge time commitment.
- D) Not really. I mean, they are really innovative, but with so many options available, they just can't compete.
- E) Let's agree to disagree, then. They have become too unconventional in recent years.



1. - 16. sorularda, verilen cümleye anlamca en yakın cümleyi bulunuz.

1. The painting cannot be a forgery as the brush strokes and motifs that are used in it are completely unique to the artist in question.

- A) As no other artist but the one under discussion uses this kind of brush strokes and motifs in the painting, it is certain that it is an authentic work.
- B) It has to be questioned whether the painting is a fake or not even if the brush strokes and motifs in it are only used by the artist being dealt with.
- C) The artist being dealt with could not have tried to fake this painting, as its brush strokes and motifs are used by nobody but him.
- D) Any artist but the one being referenced could use the brush strokes and motifs in the painting, so it is certain that it is not a genuine work.
- E) The painting may be genuine as it contains brush strokes and motifs that are not generally used by any artist other than the one under discussion.

2. The influence of the dance style of Isadora Duncan on modern ballet has been considerable yet indirect.

- A) Actually, Isadora Duncan's dance style, by not being directly related to it, has not had a great impact upon modern ballet.
- B) Not only has Isadora Duncan's dance style's influence on modern ballet been a direct one but it has also been significant.
- C) Whilst Modern ballet has been influenced greatly by Isadora Duncan's dance style, this has not occurred in a straightforward manner.
- D) Isadora Duncan's dance style is thought to have led to modern ballet, but this idea is incorrect.
- E) Even though her dance style led to modern ballet, Isadora Duncan does not consider this to have happened in a straightforward manner.

3. The new album produced by the band is highly innovative, which will presumably be agreeable to the critics but not to the band's general fan base.

- A) The assumption is that the band's highly innovative new album will not only appeal to the critics but also to the general fan base of the band.
- B) Unlike the band's general fan base, who are assumed to appreciate it, critics will not feel positive about the band's highly innovative new album.
- C) The band's general fan base are predicted to favour the band's highly innovative new album whereas the critics are expected to prefer their more familiar sound.
- D) It is to be assumed that the band's general fan base, in contrast to the critics, will respond negatively to the band's new album due to its highly innovative nature.
- E) The critics and the band's general fan base hold opposing views on the new album, with critics believing it lacks innovation while the general fan base praises it for being highly innovative.

4. The storyline for this proposed soap opera is too complex for it to be attractive to a wide audience.

- A) It is not simple to work out how many viewers the proposed soap opera will draw with its plot.
- B) Not many viewers will like the proposed soap opera because of its complicated plot.
- C) The proposed soap opera has a simplistic enough plot for it to attract a great number of viewers.
- D) For a lot of viewers to be drawn to the proposed soap opera, a more complicated plot is required.
- E) The complicated plot of the proposed soap opera is what will make it appealing to a great many viewers.

5. **Although there is still no way to cure paralysis, certain technologies have advanced enough to prove somewhat effective at restoring mobility and other functions to paralyzed individuals.**
- A) Specific technologies that were ineffectively used to solve paralysis have been slightly successful in returning mobility and other functions to paralyzed individuals.
 - B) The advance in specific technologies has reached the point where mobility and other functions have been to a degree restored to paralyzed people, but paralysis is still incurable.
 - C) In addition to technologies lacking sufficient advancement to restore mobility and other functions to paralyzed people effectively, a cure for paralysis does not exist either.
 - D) As paralyzed individuals have seen their mobility and other functions effectively returned to them, such advancement in technology will lead to a cure for paralysis too.
 - E) Paralyzed individuals have found their mobility and other functions very well restored by the advancement of specific technologies, yet there remains no cure for paralysis.

6. **Having originally been known as *Apis*, the constellation *Musca*, which means “the fly”, is in the southern hemisphere and is quite small.**

- A) Not being small in size, the constellation *Musca*, which no longer has its original name of *Apis*, which means “the fly”, is located in the southern hemisphere.
- B) The constellation *Musca*, which means “the fly”, is not as large as the first constellation of the southern hemisphere, which is *Apis*.
- C) The relatively tiny constellation *Musca* is now called by its original name of *Apis*, which means “the fly”, and it is in the southern hemisphere.
- D) Owing to its relative littleness, the constellation *Musca* in the southern hemisphere was renamed from *Apis* to *Musca* as the latter means “the fly”.
- E) Meaning “the fly”, the constellation *Musca*, which was initially called *Apis*, is not great in size and is located in the southern hemisphere.

7. **The moment the new monorail is opened, transport in the city will become easier.**

- A) Transport in the city is no longer difficult now that the new monorail has been opened.
- B) The monorail will only take an instant to open, and then transport in the city will be less difficult.
- C) The new monorail is being opened right now, and it will lessen the difficulty of transport in the city.
- D) As soon as the new monorail starts operating, transport in the city will become simpler.
- E) There will be no change in how difficult traffic is in this city even after the monorail opens.

8. **Whether they support or oppose governments, newspapers play an important role in spreading ideas within a society.**

- A) Newspapers have an important role in spreading ideas within a society regardless of their opinion on governments.
- B) The role the governments play in a society is related to how much their important ideas are supported or opposed by newspapers.
- C) Whether they favour governments or are in opposition to them, newspapers deliver limited ideas within a society.
- D) Newspapers can play a more important role within a society if they spread the ideas of their own governments.
- E) Apart from spreading ideas about governments, their supporters or opponents, newspapers have no important roles within a society.

9. Teotihuacan in Mexico is the largest pre-Columbian archaeological site in the Americas, but its ruins are shrouded in mystery because its ancient inhabitants did not leave behind written records.

- A) The ancient inhabitants of Teotihuacan in Mexico, whose ruins are no more extensive than those of any other archaeological site in the Americas, did not leave behind written records in order to make their place incomprehensible.
- B) In the Americas, the ruins of Teotihuacan in Mexico are as vast as any other large pre-Columbian archaeological site, and it is an enigmatic place due to a lack of written records by its ancient inhabitants.
- C) Due to the absence of written records left by its ancient inhabitants, the ruins of Teotihuacan in Mexico remain unexplained, despite it being larger than any other pre-Columbian archaeological site in the Americas.
- D) The written records of the ancient inhabitants of Teotihuacan in Mexico, which is larger than any other pre-Columbian archaeological site in the Americas, were lost, preventing the ruins from being understood.
- E) Even without written records left behind by the ancient inhabitants of Teotihuacan in Mexico, the ruins of this massive pre-Columbian archaeological site remain an important cultural landmark.

10. The outcome of the experiment is too unpredictable for the university to license it to take place in any of their laboratories.

- A) None of the university laboratories will be forbidden from being used for the experiment despite its uncertain outcome.
- B) No laboratory in the university will be allowed to host the experiment even though its result is hardly unexpected.
- C) Not all the laboratories of the university will be permitted to host the experiment due to its extremely uncertain outcome.
- D) It is not possible to know in advance whether any of the university's laboratories will be allowed to have the experiment conducted within it.
- E) There is not sufficient certainty concerning the outcome of the experiment for the university to permit the use of any of their laboratories for it.

11. The greater the losses that the company makes, the more likely it is to be taken over by its main rival.

- A) What will take over the company that has made huge losses is most probably going to be its main rival.
- B) The company that has incurred huge losses is likely to become vulnerable to a takeover by its main rival.
- C) It is no less likely that the company will be taken over by its main rival, regardless of whether its losses are large or small.
- D) The likelihood of the company being taken over by its main rival increases in proportion to the losses made by it.
- E) Even with the great losses made by the company, it is improbable that it will be taken over by its main rival.

12. Without a fairly equal distribution of the cargo's weight across the ship, which is set to be exported to various Southeast Asian countries, it will tilt dangerously to one side while at sea.

- A) Unless the approximately even balance of the weight of the cargo, which is to be exported to various Southeast Asian countries, is interfered with, there is no risk of the ship tilting to one side at sea.
- B) As the weight of the ship's cargo, destined for various Southeast Asian countries, has not been distributed unevenly, there is no risk of the ship tilting to one side when it is at sea.
- C) To prevent the ship from tilting hazardously to one side at sea, the weight of the cargo, which is to be exported to various Southeast Asian countries, needs to be quite evenly distributed across it.
- D) The ship's risky tilt at sea cannot be corrected even if the weight of the cargo, destined for various Southeast Asian countries, is evenly balanced.
- E) There is no risk of the ship riskily tilting to one side at sea even when the weight across it of the cargo, which is being exported to various Southeast Asian countries, is quite unbalanced.

13. Gravity data has recently been used to produce the most accurate space view yet of global ocean currents and the speed at which they move.

- A) Without gravity data, the view from space of ocean currents and the quickness with which they move would be no less poorly understood.
- B) The currents, and their velocity, of the oceans worldwide were never viewed so precisely before from space as they are now, thanks to gravity data.
- C) Ocean currents worldwide are now observed with greater precision than ever before due to gravity data, which is being rapidly produced.
- D) The precision of the view from space of ocean currents and velocity across the world through gravity data is extremely high.
- E) The precise velocity at which ocean currents move around the world is revealed by gravity data, which is viewed from space.

14. The time that is required to prepare and cook this dish, whose recipe is widely available online and has received positive reviews, is simply not compensated for in its taste.

- A) The taste of this dish, the easily accessible Internet recipe for which has been reviewed positively, should be wonderful given the amount of time involved in preparing and cooking it.
- B) It is the case that the time taken to prepare and cook the dish is not made up for in the taste of it, unless the recipe that is easily accessible on the Internet and has been positively reviewed is followed.
- C) The rewarding taste of this dish that takes a while to prepare and cook reflects the praising reviews connected to its easily accessible Internet recipe.
- D) In spite of having been positively reviewed with its easily accessible Internet recipe, the preparation and cooking of this dish takes time, yet the taste of it makes up for that.
- E) Even if this dish has received positive reviews and its recipe is easily accessible on the Internet, the taste of it is not worth the time spent on preparing and cooking it.

15. Although today, there are thirty-four bridges crossing the River Thames in London, prior to 1726, there was only one, which itself has been rebuilt twice since then.

- A) In 1726, the first bridge to cross the River Thames in London was put up, yet today there are thirty-three additional bridges, with the first one having been reconstructed twice.
- B) Out of the thirty-four bridges crossing the River Thames in London today, only the original one was built and reconstructed two times before 1726.
- C) The sole bridge that crossed the River Thames in London before 1726 is now accompanied by thirty-three additional bridges, and they have been reconstructed twice.
- D) Since 1726, thirty-three extra bridges have been put up across the River Thames in London, joining the original one, which itself has been reconstructed twice.
- E) The original bridge, built before 1726 to cross the River Thames in London, was reconstructed twice, with its second reconstruction occurring after thirty-three other bridges were built.

16. People with poor self-esteem look to others to validate them and need compliments to counteract the negative feelings and thoughts that plague them.

- A) People who do not have a favourable opinion of themselves blame others for not validating them or for distressing them with their negative thoughts and feelings.
- B) People who lack self-esteem and who are distressed by others' negative feelings and thoughts look for people who will praise and validate them.
- C) People who don't think very highly of themselves expect others to affirm their worth and praise them so as to reduce the effect of their distressing feelings and thoughts.
- D) People who do not recognise their own worth need to be complimented and approved by the people who plague them with their negative feelings and thoughts.
- E) People with low self-confidence suppress their plaguing negative thoughts and feelings only when they are complimented by others, whom they validate and look up to.



1. - 18. sorularda, verilen durumda söylenmiş olabilecek sözü bulunuz.

1. **Your neighbour accidentally spills some ingredients while she is helping you cook a meal. She feels very bad about it and apologises, thinking that you care a lot about cleanliness. You want her to know that it doesn't matter that much, so you say: ----**
 - A) I'll forgive you this once, but just make sure you are more careful next time.
 - B) No offence, but you know you need to compensate for this, don't you?
 - C) It's OK, really. I was going to wipe all the surfaces and mop the floor anyway.
 - D) It was me who let you into the kitchen, so I will let you get away with this.
 - E) Come on, who in her right mind would ignore such a mess?
2. **Your little sister has just finished painting a picture, and she shows it to you, expecting your comments. Although you are actually busy, you look at the painting carefully and notice that there are details that only a master could create. You want to express your admiration, so you say: ----**
 - A) You are a hopeless case. You should give up painting and focus on your studies.
 - B) Congratulations! You could be a professional painter one day, you know.
 - C) I'm looking forward to seeing it, and I'll do that as soon as I'm free.
 - D) It's a great picture, but let me help you anyway next time you paint. Then, it'll be much better.
 - E) To my way of thinking, your paintings are highly overblown!

3. **You seem to be unable to meet a deadline for a project at work no matter how much effort you make. Finally, you decide to ask the manager for an extension. You say in a polite manner: ----**
 - A) I've made up my mind to do it all by next week at the latest, so you won't regret giving me the extra time.
 - B) I'm sorry, but I haven't been able to meet your expectations. Would you mind doing it with someone else?
 - C) You're the one who's making it an issue. I'm not bothered at all since I'm sure I won't fail to submit it.
 - D) I know I was supposed to hand it in by now, but it is pointless of you to rush things like this.
 - E) I'm afraid I won't be able to finish this project in time. Could you please give me another week?
4. **You go camping with a friend of yours. While you are setting up the tent, one of the poles snaps in half. Your friend, who is always easily annoyed, is frustrated and says he will give up. You want to change his mind by making a suggestion, so you say: ----**
 - A) If only we had done it properly, we wouldn't be in such a mess now. I'm quitting too.
 - B) You behave as if you had the right to complain! You didn't even lend a hand when I was trying to hold the pole.
 - C) You put a lot of effort in pitching this tent, and see what we've got! It's a shame, really.
 - D) Let's turn this into a challenge by making a pole out of tree branches. It would be part of the adventure!
 - E) If you ask me, you are not mature enough to keep your cool in a crisis. I guess we shouldn't have tried camping at all.

5. **Your cousin has applied for a vacancy at a firm and is absolutely sure that he will get the job despite his lack of experience. However, you think he will be rejected, and you don't want him to feel too disappointed by getting his hopes up. In order to warn him, you say: ----**
- A) There is no harm in trying, but you must realise that you have only a slim chance of being hired.
 - B) Your cautious optimism is the right attitude. Still, it's not the end of the world if they say no.
 - C) You've been doing that job for ages! There's no way they can turn you down.
 - D) Can you at least assure me that you will try to arrange for me to work there as well?
 - E) Don't be upset. I am sure you will be accepted when you go there again with a better CV.

6. **You're at a busy café during the lunchtime rush. The place is packed, and there's a long queue of people waiting for their orders. You spot a man sitting at a large table, spread out with his laptop, coffee and several papers. Annoyed, you approach him, and without worrying about being polite, you say: ----**
- A) Sharing is caring, and you obviously have no intention of doing either, but I don't mind.
 - B) Excuse me! Would it be okay if I sat at this table? I promise I'll be careful not to disturb you.
 - C) Hi there! Would you mind if I moved some of your stuff to make a little room for someone else?
 - D) It's quite packed in here today. I was wondering if you'd be willing to consolidate your things a bit to free up some space for others.
 - E) Hey, this table is supposed to be for everyone, not just you. Can you put away some of your stuff so others can sit down?

7. **You are a marketing director at a digital media agency, and one of your team members is excited about integrating a new social media platform into your campaign strategies. The platform shows potential, but due to the present financial constraints and the associated risks, you want to proceed with caution. So, you say: ----**
- A) Wow, a new social media platform? We should probably start with a full trial as it really sounds promising.
 - B) I'm not interested in chasing every new fad that comes along. We're sticking to what we know works and what fits our budget.
 - C) I appreciate your enthusiasm, but considering the current budget, it's best to start with a small-scale trial to evaluate its potential.
 - D) Come on! We have a budget to manage only the strategies that work. We're not investing in something unproven.
 - E) It might turn out to be the next big thing or just a wild ride. Either way, let's move forward with this platform and see how it fits.

8. **Your neighbour invites you over for a party at his place on Saturday night, and you really want to be there. However, you have already made plans to go on a weekend trip. You want to turn down the invitation in a courteous manner, so you say: ----**
- A) It's as if you didn't know that I was going away for good.
 - B) Sorry, you can't expect me to decide at such short notice.
 - C) I really appreciate you thinking of me, and I hope you all have a fantastic time.
 - D) I wish I could, but I've arranged to leave town. Can I take a rain check?
 - E) If only you could come with me instead. You know how boring indoor activities are.

9. You forget to celebrate a friend's birthday. The next day, he calls you to say how upset he feels, even after you've apologised many times. You think that he is overreacting, so you say: ----

- A) I'm sorry, but you don't need to be so sensitive about it, do you?
- B) If only I'd kept a calendar, I could remember important events like that.
- C) It's natural that you feel that way. I'd feel the same in your shoes.
- D) I'll get even with you for forgetting my birthday, just you wait!
- E) I don't mind. There's always next year to compensate, isn't there?

10. You ordered an armchair from an online furniture company. When you get your new armchair, you notice that it has a lot of scratches on it. You call their customer service line, explain the situation and ask for a refund. They refuse, so you say furiously: ----

- A) I actually think those lines give it a worn-out look, which I admire. Thanks for your consideration!
- B) If I weren't such a loyal customer of yours, I'd definitely take you to court right away.
- C) Do you mind giving me back half the money I paid, at least?
- D) I would like to speak to your manager. It's about the armchair I've just received.
- E) If I don't get my money back right away, you will be hearing from my lawyer!

11. A friend of yours is very keen on learning to play the guitar and has been practising hard. However, frustrated by her lack of progress, she is considering taking private lessons, which you believe is unnecessary and unaffordable. You want to encourage her to do it on her own, so you say: ----

- A) I get it. You have money to burn, but you also have the option of wasting it on something else.
- B) I really doubt that you can improve unless you get some professional help.
- C) I know many self-taught virtuosos, and, with your talent, I don't see why you can't be one.
- D) I'm sure you'd be playing much better if you had what it takes, but this shouldn't worry you.
- E) Are you kidding? You might just as well sell your house and pay for your tuition fees.

12. Your next-door neighbour parks his car, a luxurious one, in the space that belongs to you. You have already warned him not to, but he just won't care. One evening, you see him parking his car in your space again and decide to make a sarcastic comment. You say: ----

- A) You are so rude and disrespectful! Why don't you stop ignoring me?
- B) You have no right to invade that space. I swear I will sue you for this!
- C) At long last! All day long, this space must have felt so empty without your precious car on it.
- D) Do you really need me to remind you over and over again that this spot is reserved for my car?
- E) I've been waiting for ages to talk to you about this. Please take your car where it belongs!

13. Your 95-year-old grandmother keeps complaining to you about her knees, which she says constantly ache. She says she has tried all types of medication but they don't work. You are fed up with listening to her, but you don't want to hurt or upset her either. So, you say: ----

- A) Remember that many people at your age are no longer with us. You are blessed to have the gift of life.
- B) Please stop talking to me about your illnesses. I can't take it any longer.
- C) Why don't you try jogging every morning? It could help relieve the pain, you know.
- D) There is no miracle cure for such pains, Grandma. You simply have to learn to live with them.
- E) How many times have I told you that no drug can ever substitute for physical exercise?

14. Your friend tells you that she has no energy in the morning even when there is no reason for her to feel that way. You guess that there is something wrong with her diet, so you make a suggestion: ----

- A) Have I not warned you to avoid fatty food? This is what you get when you don't follow advice.
- B) It might be due to what you eat. Try changing your eating habits and see if there is a difference.
- C) Well, you exercise too much during the day, and you end up feeling exhausted even the day after.
- D) I don't want to hear any more excuses. Give me your word that you'll consume healthy food from now on.
- E) Let's check your blood test results and see if you have any deficiencies.

15. You and your friend have arranged to meet at 3 pm today to go to the cinema. However, you realise one hour before the meeting that you also promised a neighbour to take her dog out for a walk, and you can't break that promise. You call your friend, explain it all and then, wanting to make an offer to make it up to her, you say: ----

- A) I wish I had a more understanding neighbour. I wouldn't have to let you down then.
- B) We can watch another film next week. I'll buy the tickets.
- C) Do you think that I'm inventing this story to avoid meeting you?
- D) Come on, we shouldn't fall out just because I can't make it there today.
- E) I'd rather have fun watching a film and eating popcorn than walk a dog.

16. A classmate in the debate club tells you that he is nervous about the upcoming debate activity. You know that he is exceptionally good at defending an argument. The only thing he lacks is confidence, so you want to focus on that aspect. To motivate him, you say: ----

- A) Being shy never helps when it comes to speaking in public.
- B) Just relax and believe in yourself. Everything will be alright.
- C) No matter how successful you are at defending arguments, it means nothing without confidence.
- D) Why don't you make up an excuse so that you can prepare better for the next session?
- E) You'll definitely win if you focus on clarity and present your arguments persuasively.

17. A colleague in your office is thinking of quitting since she received a better offer from another company. She is very excited about it but asks you for advice as she hasn't made up her mind yet. You are happy for her, but you also want her to be cautious, so you say: ----

- A) It's not like you will be sorry. That company is a big name in our field after all.
- B) Why do you even hesitate? This may be your big break.
- C) What if the boss hears about it? We should talk about this in private.
- D) If I were you, I wouldn't think for a second. Just go for it!
- E) Consider it carefully before you leave in case you regret it.

18. Your friend promises to join you on a picnic trip, but he changes his mind at the last minute and tells you that he won't be able to make it. You feel angry that he has let you down, so you say: ----

- A) I'd rather not waste my time planning a trip for you to cancel anyway.
- B) I would have appreciated it if you'd at least told me you weren't coming in the first place.
- C) I'm sorry to say this, but I prefer being alone to accompanying you there.
- D) I wish I hadn't relied on you! You've really disappointed me.
- E) I wonder how I can persuade you to change your mind.



1. - 16. sorularda, boş bırakılan yere, parçada anlam bütünlüğünü sağlamak için getirilebilecek cümleyi bulunuz.

1. ---- Some, on the other hand, prefer a completely contrary approach like the US professor George Levine. Levine announced that he was cancelling all his classes to lock himself away for three months in 1973 to read Thomas Pynchon's *Gravity's Rainbow*. He worked his way through this huge novel by spending eight hours a day on it, with no remission. He emerged, as he put it, "giddy" but convinced that "Thomas Pynchon is the most important American novelist now writing". Yet, obviously, not everyone can make that kind of investment in such complex works.

- A) Difficult fiction presents a challenging experience to readers, one that some choose to avoid.
- B) Nathaniel Philbrick has written a book on why readers ought to devote their time to reading the complex novel *Moby Dick*.
- C) Despite the availability of many simpler stories, most critics recommend spending time on difficult fiction.
- D) When Thomas Pynchon published his masterpiece, it was unclear how many people he expected to finish it.
- E) Some believe the value of a novel is solely determined by its length rather than its content.

2. ---- However, the reality is that this is just one small part of the problem. Whenever a driver engages in a non-driving activity, it has the potential to distract them from driving. In other words, any task that a driver performs while driving is a secondary task, including using a mobile phone, eating or drinking, turning on the radio, looking at pedestrians or talking with passengers. All such activities are examples of distraction.

- A) Distracted driving can be defined as a diversion of a driver's attention.
- B) It's mostly drivers who use mobile phones while driving that make various errors in traffic.
- C) A study has found that distracted drivers are far more likely to crash than those who are not.
- D) Distracted driving is often associated with mobile phone use while driving.
- E) Distracted driving increases the likelihood of being involved in or causing crashes.

3. Some experts have recommended that parents abstain from praise as well as criticism. ---- In this sense, praising is more subtle than blaming and criticising, but harmful nonetheless. While parents should of course refrain from harmful, artificial kinds of praise, there does exist a more genuine variety that springs from the heart, without any intention of controlling or influencing the child's future behaviour.

- A) They advise parents not to criticise their children or bestow praise on them very frequently.
- B) Children know when their parents are genuinely and warmly praising them, and it's vital for their development.
- C) The New Age hype about praising children for good behaviour has gained massive popularity.
- D) Yet, parents still prefer to praise kids to make them feel good about themselves.
- E) They see praise as a form of parental manipulation of the child's behaviour.

4. The FIFA Football World Cup and the FIBA Basketball World Cup have a number of things in common. They are both the most prestigious international tournaments for their respective sports, and they are both open to every nation on earth. ---- However, in 2014, FIBA adjusted its scheduling to avoid overlapping with the FIFA World Cup. As a result, the next FIBA Basketball World Cup was held five years later, in 2019, in order to reset the cycle and align with a different year than the FIFA World Cup. Now, the four-year cycle is back in place.

- A) Both FIFA and FIBA have faced criticism regarding their promotional strategies.
- B) It is still the case that roughly the same nations qualify each time that they are held.
- C) The first tournament of either competition was held in the 20th century.
- D) They are both held in a different host country once every four years.
- E) The FIFA Football World Cup overshadows the FIBA Basketball World Cup in viewership.

5. Butter biscuits are unleavened biscuits made with butter, flour and sugar. They are often categorised as “crisp biscuits” due to their texture, which is partly caused by the quantity of butter and sugar. At their most basic, butter biscuits have no additional flavouring. However, their taste can be enhanced by adding vanilla, chocolate, coconut and/or a topping of sugar crystals. ---- Hence, regardless of their taste, they can come in a variety of shapes such as circles, squares, ovals and rings. Furthermore, they can be plain or feature patterns such as marble or checked designs.

- A) Achieving their delicate crispness depends on the precise ratio of ingredients, proper mixing techniques and careful baking times.
- B) Their versatility allows for creative variations both through flavour combinations and decorative touches.
- C) While most people agree that the biscuits are tasty, not everyone will be equally appreciative of each of these ingredients.
- D) They are often savoured independently or complemented by beverages, enhancing their delicate texture and buttery depth.
- E) They are often distinguished by their characteristic shape, which remains a key feature in identifying them.

6. Moscow, the capital of Russia, has the potential to be a great attraction for tourists. It has a long history and many beautiful buildings as well as the world-famous Red Square. ---- This includes unfriendliness on the part of the locals, poor hotel conditions, traffic jams and everything being overpriced. These facts explain why Moscow has recently been referred to as an infamously unwelcoming city for tourists by an increasing number of visitors.

- A) Thus, it is apparent why a significant proportion of tourists opt to refrain from visiting the city.
- B) It is also home to renowned museums and one of the most famous ballet companies in the world.
- C) Nevertheless, it has an extremely bad reputation that it has to deal with first.
- D) To add, navigating the city's vast transport system can be hard for those unfamiliar with it.
- E) Given such remarkable attractions, tourists shouldn't mind if they encounter some minor inconveniences.

7. Basket weaving, also known as basketry or basket making, is the process of weaving pliable materials into a basket or other similar form. Weaving with rattan core—also known as reed—is one of the more popular techniques being practised because it is readily available. It is pliable, and when woven correctly, it is extremely sturdy. Also, while traditional materials like oak, hickory and willow might be hard to come by, reed is abundant and can be cut into any size or shape needed for a pattern. ---- Additionally, there is oval reed, which is often used for round ones, and round reed, which is used to twine. Another advantage of reed in basket weaving is its ability to be dyed in various colours.

- A) It is so easy to find as it grows in a wide variety of wetlands.
- B) To the untrained observer, reed may appear uniform, but it is not.
- C) It is also possible for reed to be used to create woven figures.
- D) This includes flat reed, which is commonly used for most square baskets.
- E) The length of the cut reed is of particular importance.

8. Critics of vegetarianism often claim that the removal of meat from a person's diet results in that person being physically weaker. The results of a recently conducted study help to challenge that perception, however. ---- They have examined the remains of Roman gladiators, some of the most powerful warriors in the ancient world. And the researchers have discovered, through bone analysis, that these fighters were mostly vegetarian.

- A) The researchers have studied volunteers and found that sufficient protein can be obtained from vegetables.
- B) What is noteworthy about it is that it has been carried out not by dieticians but by archaeologists.
- C) Dietary habits in ancient civilisations varied, with meat consumed widely but differing by region, economy and tradition.
- D) For much of history, the majority of people have relied on plant-based sources for protein as meat was often reserved for the wealthy.
- E) Environmental factors also played a significant role in shaping dietary choices in ancient societies.

9. The Great Barrier Reef is the world's largest coral reef system, stretching for over 2,300 kilometres off the coast of Queensland, Australia. It supports a wide diversity of life and was selected as a World Heritage Site in 1981. Nevertheless, it is now facing multiple threats. One of these stems from the success of the coal industry in Australia. Demand for Australian coal from growing economies in Asia has put a strain on Australia's harbour facilities. ---- If this goes ahead, the coral in the nearby parts of the reef will suffer damage. Moreover, the resulting murky waters are said to reduce the coral's ability to photosynthesise and feed.

- A) To enlarge its ports, a plan has been drawn up to clear the area and dump the sediment into the sea.
- B) Huge coal exporting ships already transport large quantities of coal across the world and bypass the reef entirely.
- C) This is primarily because these docks were originally designed for a much smaller volume of trade.
- D) The limit on the amount of coal that can be exported is, therefore, likely to be accepted by the government.
- E) Of course, when coal is burnt, it increases global warming, which leads to ocean acidification worldwide.

10. Old ships often face a variety of fates as they reach the end of their operational life. Many are retired and decommissioned, often stripped of valuable materials such as copper and steel before being sold for scrap. Some ships are converted into floating museums or repurposed as unique hotels, allowing them to serve new purposes while preserving maritime history. ---- A few may even be restored and brought back into service if they have historical significance. Regardless of their ultimate destiny, the stories of these vessels continue.

- A) In fact, ship recycling is by far the most economically sound way of getting rid of old ships.
- B) Despite being a tourist attraction, shipwrecks are typically considered adverse for the environment.
- C) Nonetheless, ships can contain toxic materials in their structure, which need to be properly removed.
- D) Others are intentionally sunk to create artificial reefs, fostering marine life and promoting eco-tourism.
- E) In this case, the vessel is grounded deliberately during high tide, and breaking operations usually take place during low tide.

11. Ever since CGI—computer-generated imagery—was added to the filmmakers' arsenal, it's been easy to spot a flying dragon here and an explosion there. But CGI isn't just used for outlandish effects; it's frequently deployed by expert filmmakers to attain results otherwise unachievable with practical methods. One example of this can be found in the making of the 2012 film *Les Misérables*. The actors on the set of this film were not only obliged to act but also to sing. ---- CGI was then used in post-production to erase them, leaving the impression that the actors in the film are singing freely, unassisted by technology.

- A) This is because this version of the film was based on the highly successful musical performed in theatres.
- B) In order to be able to do this most effectively, the actors wore earpieces and radio microphones at all times.
- C) As a result, they were chosen for their proven singing abilities as much as their acting abilities.
- D) CGI enhanced the musical performances by adding visual elements that complemented the singing.
- E) They were to do this on sets that anyone watching could see were authentic to the period.

12. Europe is generally not a particularly exciting destination for snake enthusiasts. ---- For instance, no snakes can be found in Ireland or in Iceland. Yet, on the whole, Europe does host a very nice variety of snake species. Many of them belong to the large and varied Colubrid group and are either non-venomous or only slightly venomous and by no means a danger to humans. The only truly venomous snakes in Europe all belong to the Viper family, and even they are far from being the most dangerous in the world.

- A) Those who dread snakes, however, may find plenty to worry about there.
- B) Their interest in snakes does not mean they are unafraid of nasty encounters with them.
- C) Wildlife in general is not as diverse there as in many other areas of the globe.
- D) It is consequently easier for them to prevent these animals from reaching island nations.
- E) Some parts of the continent are not even inhabited by any of these reptiles.

13. ---- Researchers believe that this disrupts the itch by getting nerves to carry pain signals instead of itch signals. In turn, the pain causes the “happy” neurotransmitter serotonin to be released by the brain, to control the pain. But the serotonin then activates spinal cord nerve cells that control itch intensity when it reaches the spine, making a person feel itchier again. Thus, scratching ironically makes one itchier, and how this vicious circle is to be broken is currently being investigated by scientists.

- A) It has been observed that should a person watch another scratching themselves, they too will feel itchy.
- B) Itchiness can be caused by a number of factors, ranging from minor irritation by dust to serious skin conditions.
- C) The natural response to an itch is to scratch, as scratching provides temporary relief from the discomfort.
- D) An itch feels as if it is located on the skin, but the sensation is perceived in the brain.
- E) The sensation of an itch can change depending on the time of day or the person's mood.

14. Jeanne Labrosse, later known as Jeanne Garnerin, was amongst the crowd watching André-Jacques Garnerin's first hydrogen balloon flight and parachute descent at Parc Monceau, Paris, on October 22, 1797. She made his acquaintance, became his pupil and flew with him on November 10, 1798, at Parc Monceau. ---- However, Labrosse aimed to achieve something even more groundbreaking. While balloon flight itself was a daring feat at that time, she took it a step further and returned to the surface by means of a parachute before any other woman in history did. On October 12, 1799, she gained her unique status by parachuting from an altitude of 900 metres. She later completed numerous ascents and parachute descents in towns across France and Europe.

- A) She maintained extensive correspondence with other pioneers of early aviation, exchanging ideas on ballooning and parachuting.
- B) Sometimes, she is described as the first woman to fly in a balloon although Élisabeth Thible achieved that milestone in 1784.
- C) The couple remained in England until the war broke out in 1803 and then returned home to resume their career in France.
- D) It may often be thought that the first ever parachute was not used until after the first successful aeroplane flight in 1903.
- E) At this point in history, women were generally discouraged from participating in aviation and making contributions to its development.

15. Brain drain is the migration of educated, skilled or professional individuals to other countries for trade, education, career, etc. However, the majority of migration is from developing to developed countries, where there are better standards of living and quality of life, higher salaries and access to advanced technology as well as more stable political conditions. ---- However, for the country of origin, it translates into a loss of considerable resources. Thus, brain drain has become a growing concern for less developed countries, which had invested in the education and training of professionals.

- A) The benefits of such migration, in general, are received by the recipient states.
- B) Some think that brain drain benefits individuals more than society.
- C) Actually, trained professionals are needed in every part of the world.
- D) Developing countries need the knowledge and skills of professionals.
- E) Still, it is claimed that migration from developing countries is unavoidable.

16. Two prominent forms of transport are bicycles and cars, each offering distinct advantages and challenges. Bicycles provide an eco-friendly and cost-effective means of transport, promoting physical fitness and reducing carbon emissions. ---- In contrast, cars offer greater speed and convenience, making them suitable for extended journeys and transporting multiple passengers or heavy cargo. On the other hand, cars contribute significantly to traffic congestion and pollution.

- A) A sedentary lifestyle associated with driving can lead to several health issues.
- B) Owning and maintaining a car involves expenses such as fuel, insurance, maintenance, and parking fees.
- C) They are ideal for short distances and urban environments, allowing riders to navigate traffic easily.
- D) There is an ongoing debate between individual choice and environmental impact on transport.
- E) Urban areas often experience heavy traffic, leading to longer travel times and increased fuel consumption.



1. - 12. sorularda, verilen İngilizce cümleye anlamca en yakın Türkçe cümleyi bulunuz.

1. The stimulant effect of caffeine reaches its peak 3 hours after it is consumed, but some may continue to feel the effect up to 12 hours later.

- A) Kafeinin uyarıcı etkisinin zirveye ulaşması tüketiminden sonra 3 saati bulsa da bazıları etkiyi 12 saat sonra bile hissetmeye devam edebilir.
- B) Kafeinin uyarıcı etkisi, tüketildikten 3 saat sonra zirveye ulaşır ancak bazıları etkiyi 12 saate kadar hissetmeye devam edebilir.
- C) Uyarıcı etkisi tüketilmesinden 3 saat sonra zirveye ulaşan kafein, bazılarında 12 saat sonra bile etkisini göstermeye devam edebilir.
- D) Kafeinin uyarıcı olan etkisi bazılarında 12 saat devam edebilir fakat zirveye tüketiminden 3 saat kadar sonra ulaşır.
- E) Kafeinin uyarıcı etkisinin zirveye ulaşması, tüketilmesinin ardından 3 saati bulur fakat etki bazıları için 12 saate kadar devam edebilir.

2. The reliability of most of what is known about the ancient world can be doubted due to the possibility that the antiquity's historians added their own opinions into their accounts.

- A) Antik dünya hakkında bilinenlerin çoğunun güvenilirliğinden şüphe edilebilmesinin nedeni antik çağ tarihçilerinin, anlatılarına kendi görüşlerini katmış olma ihtimalidir.
- B) Antik çağ tarihçilerinin, anlatılarının çoğuna kendi görüşlerini katmış olmalarından dolayı antik dünya hakkında bilinenlerin güvenilirliğinin şüpheli olma ihtimali vardır.
- C) Antik çağ tarihçilerinin, anlatılarına kendi görüşlerini katmış olma ihtimali, antik dünya hakkında bilinenlerin çoğunun güvenilirliğinden şüphe edilmesine neden olabilir.
- D) Antik çağ tarihçilerinin, anlatılarına kendi görüşlerini katmış olma ihtimalinden dolayı antik dünya hakkında bilinenlerin çoğunun güvenilirliğinden şüphe edilebilir.
- E) Antik dünya hakkında bilinenlerin çoğunun güvenilirliğinden şüphe edilebilir çünkü antik çağ tarihçilerinin, anlatılarına kendi görüşlerini katmış olma ihtimali vardır.

3. The authorities alerted the local residents about the impending volcanic eruption weeks in advance, yet many individuals chose not to evacuate the area.

- A) Yetkililerin yaklaşan volkanik patlama konusunda haftalar öncesinden yerel halka yaptığı ikaza rağmen birçok kişi bölgeyi terk etmemeyi tercih etti.
- B) Yetkililer yerel halkı bir volkanik patlamanın yaklaşması konusunda haftalarca ikaz etse de birçok kişi bölgeyi terk etmemeyi tercih etti.
- C) Yetkililer yerel halkı yaklaşan volkanik patlama konusunda haftalar öncesinden ikaz etti ancak birçok kişi bölgeyi terk etmemeyi tercih etti.
- D) Yerel halk yaklaşan volkanik patlama konusunda yetkililer tarafından haftalar öncesinden ikaz edildi ancak birçok kişi bölgede kalmayı tercih etti.
- E) Yaklaşan volkanik patlama konusunda yetkililer tarafından haftalar öncesinden ikaz edilen yerel halktan birçok kişi bölgeyi terk etmemeyi tercih etti.

4. Throughout the first half of the 17th century, the artistic life of Amsterdam was dominated by the figure of Rembrandt, who affected the style of numerous Dutch artists for years.

- A) Amsterdam'ın sanat hayatı, çok sayıda Hollandalı sanatçının tarzını 17. yüzyılın ilk yarısı boyunca etkilemiş olan Rembrandt figürü tarafından yıllarca domine edilmişti.
- B) 17. yüzyılın ilk yarısı boyunca Amsterdam'ın sanat hayatı, çok sayıda Hollandalı sanatçının tarzını yıllarca etkileyen Rembrandt figürü tarafından domine edilmişti.
- C) Rembrandt, Amsterdam'ın sanat hayatını yıllarca domine eden ve çok sayıda Hollandalı sanatçının tarzını 17. yüzyılın ilk yarısı boyunca etkileyen bir figürdü.
- D) Çok sayıda Hollandalı sanatçının tarzını yıllarca etkilemiş olan Rembrandt figürü, Amsterdam'ın sanat hayatını 17. yüzyılın ilk yarısı boyunca domine etmişti.
- E) 17. yüzyılın ilk yarısı boyunca Rembrandt figürü tarafından domine edilmiş olan Amsterdam sanat hayatı çok sayıda Hollandalı sanatçının tarzını yıllarca etkilemişti.

5. Not only did the government confront severe economic challenges such as unemployment and bank failures during the Great Depression, which lasted almost a decade, but it also struggled to implement effective solutions.

- A) Büyük Buhran'ın neredeyse on yıl sürmesi, hükûmetin sadece işsizlik ve banka iflasları gibi ciddi ekonomik zorluklarla karşılaşmasından değil, aynı zamanda etkili çözümler uygulamakta da zorlanmasındandı.
- B) Neredeyse on yıl süren Büyük Buhran sırasında hem işsizlik hem de banka iflasları gibi ciddi ekonomik zorluklarla karşılaşan hükûmet etkili çözümler uygulamakta zorlandı.
- C) Neredeyse on yıl süren Büyük Buhran sırasında, hükûmet sadece işsizlik ve banka iflasları gibi ciddi ekonomik zorluklarla karşılaşmakla kalmadı, aynı zamanda etkili çözümler uygulamakta da zorlandı.
- D) Hükûmetin, sadece işsizlik ve banka iflasları gibi ciddi ekonomik zorluklarla karşılaşmasının değil, aynı zamanda etkili çözümler uygulamakta da zorlanmasının sebebi neredeyse on yıl süren Büyük Buhran'dı.
- E) Neredeyse on yıl süren Büyük Buhran sırasında hem işsizlik hem de banka iflasları gibi ciddi ekonomik zorluklarla karşılaşılması hükûmeti etkili çözümler uygulamakta zorladı.

6. The most extensive investigation of quantum chemicals ever performed is that of the scientists who have screened more than two million organic molecules as part of The Clean Energy Project.

- A) Temiz Enerji Projesi'nin bir parçası olarak iki milyondan fazla organik molekül incelemiş olan bilim insanları, şimdiye kadarki en kapsamlı kuantum kimyasalları araştırmasını yapmışlardır.
- B) Şimdiye dek yapılan en kapsamlı kuantum kimyasalları araştırması, iki milyondan fazla organik molekül incelemiş olan bilim insanlarının bir parçası olduğu Temiz Enerji Projesi'ninkidir.
- C) Şimdiye kadarki en kapsamlı kuantum kimyasalları araştırmasını, Temiz Enerji Projesi'nin bir parçası olarak iki milyondan fazla organik molekül incelemiş olan bilim insanları yapmıştır.
- D) Şimdiye dek yapılan en kapsamlı kuantum kimyasalları araştırması, Temiz Enerji Projesi'nin bir parçası olarak iki milyondan fazla organik molekül incelemiş olan bilim insanlarınıninkidir.
- E) Temiz Enerji Projesi'nin bir parçası olarak iki milyondan fazla organik molekül incelemiş olan bilim insanlarının yaptığı araştırma, şimdiye kadarki en kapsamlı kuantum kimyasalları araştırmasıdır.

7. While it is difficult to verify worldwide immigration figures, it is estimated that immigrants make up 3% of the global population.

- A) Dünya genelinde göçmenlik rakamlarının doğrulanması zor olsa da küresel nüfusun yüzde üçünün göçmenlerden oluştuğu tahmin edilmektedir.
- B) Dünya genelinde nüfusun yüzde üçünü göçmenlerin oluşturduğu tahmin edilse de küresel göç rakamlarını doğrulamak zordur.
- C) Dünya genelinde göçmenlik rakamlarını doğrulamak zor olsa da göçmenlerin küresel nüfusun yüzde üçünü oluşturduğu tahmin edilmektedir.
- D) Dünya genelinde göçmenlik rakamlarını doğrulamak zor olsa da tahminlere göre, küresel nüfusun yüzde üçü göçmenlerden oluşmaktadır.
- E) Dünya genelinde göçmenlik rakamlarını doğrulamanın zorluğuna karşın küresel nüfusun yüzde üçünü göçmenlerin oluşturduğu tahmin edilmektedir.

8. The records on clay tablets show that the people in Mesopotamia believed dreams to be either direct messages from deities and deceased persons or messages denoting to future events.

- A) Kil tabletlerdeki kayıtlar, Mezopotamya'daki insanların, rüyaların ya tanrılardan ve ölmüş kişilerden gelen doğrudan mesajlar ya da gelecekteki olayları işaret eden mesajlar olduğuna inandığını göstermektedir.
- B) Mezopotamya'daki insanların, rüyaların ya tanrılardan ve ölmüş kişilerden gelen doğrudan mesajlar ya da gelecekteki olayları işaret eden mesajlar olduğuna inandığı kil tabletlerdeki kayıtlar tarafından gösterilmektedir.
- C) Kil tabletlerdeki kayıtlar göstermektedir ki, Mezopotamya'daki insanların inancına göre, rüyalar ya tanrılardan ve ölmüş kişilerden gelen doğrudan mesajlar ya da gelecekteki olayları işaret eden mesajlardı.
- D) Kil tabletlerdeki kayıtlar, Mezopotamya'daki insanların, tanrıların ve ölümlerin rüyalarla doğrudan mesajlar ya da gelecek olaylara ilişkin mesajlar verdiklerine inandığını göstermektedir.
- E) Mezopotamya'daki insanlar, kil tabletlerdeki kayıtların gösterdiği gibi, rüyalara ve onların tanrılar veya ölmüş kişiler tarafından gönderilen ve gelecek olaylara işaret eden doğrudan mesajlar olduğuna inanıyordu.

9. Disturbed by the increasing political polarisation in Europe, some dancers tried to raise consciousness by dramatising the challenges of their time.

- A) Avrupa'daki artan politik kutuplaşmadan rahatsız olan bazı dansçılar, dönemlerinin zorluklarını dramatize ederek farkındalık yaratmaya çalıştılar.
- B) Avrupa'daki artan politik kutuplaşmadan duydukları rahatsızlığı dramatize eden dansçılardan bazıları, dönemlerinin zorlukları konusunda farkındalık yaratmaya çalıştılar.
- C) Dönemlerinin zorluklarını dramatize ederek farkındalık yaratmaya çalışan bazı dansçıların rahatsız oldukları şey, Avrupa'daki artan politik kutuplaşmaydı.
- D) Dönemlerinin zorluklarını dramatize ederek farkındalık yaratmaya çalışan dansçılardan bazıları, Avrupa'daki artan politik kutuplaşmadan rahatsız olmuştular.
- E) Bazı dansçılar, Avrupa'daki artan politik kutuplaşmadan rahatsız olunca dönemlerinin zorluklarını dramatize ederek farkındalık yaratmaya çalıştılar.

10. If we sleep less, because of going to bed late or waking up early, it'll be unlikely to get enough of the stage when we sink into a deep sleep and dream most.

- A) Geç yattığımız ya da erken kalktığımız için daha az uyursak, derin uykuya dalarak en çok rüya görülen evreden yeterince faydalanmak pek olası olmayacaktır.
- B) Eğer az uyuyorsak ve bunun sebebi geç yatmak veya erken kalkmaksa, derin uykuya dalıp en çok rüya gördüğümüz evreden yeterince faydalanmak pek olası olmayacaktır.
- C) Geç yatarak veya erken kalkarak az uykuya sebebiyet verirse, derin uykuya daldığımız ve en çok rüya gördüğümüz evreden yeterince faydalanmamız pek olası olmayacaktır.
- D) Geç yatma veya erken kalkmaya bağlı olarak daha az uyursak, uykunun derin olduğu ve en çok rüyanın görüldüğü evreden yeterince faydalanmamız pek olası olmayacaktır.
- E) Geç yatma ya da erken kalkma sebebiyle daha az uyursak, derin uykuya daldığımız ve en çok rüya gördüğümüz evreden yeterince faydalanmak pek olası olmayacaktır.

11. *Guernica*, the iconic painting Picasso created in response to the bombing of the town of Guernica during the Spanish Civil War, strikingly depicts the suffering and devastation war brings.

- A) Picasso'nun yarattığı simgesel tablo *Guernica*, İspanya İç Savaşı sırasında Guernica kasabasının bombalanmasına olan tepkiyi ve savaşın getirdiği acı ve yıkımı çarpıcı bir şekilde tasvir eder.
- B) İspanya İç Savaşı sırasında Guernica kasabasının bombalanmasını çarpıcı bir şekilde tasvir eden *Guernica* tablosu, Picasso tarafından savaşın getirdiği acı ve yıkıma tepki olarak yaratılmıştır.
- C) Picasso'nun İspanya İç Savaşı sırasında Guernica kasabasının bombalanmasına tepki olarak yarattığı ve savaşla gelen acı ve yıkımı çarpıcı bir şekilde tasvir ettiği *Guernica* simgesel bir tablodur.
- D) Picasso'nun, İspanya İç Savaşı sırasında Guernica kasabasının bombalanmasına tepki olarak yarattığı simgesel tablo *Guernica*, savaşın getirdiği acı ve yıkımı çarpıcı bir şekilde tasvir eder.
- E) Picasso, savaşın getirdiği acı ve yıkımın simgesi olan çarpıcı tablosu *Guernica*'yı, İspanya İç Savaşı sırasında Guernica kasabasının bombalanmasına tepki olarak yaratmıştır.

12. Scientific theories about the origins of sea salt started in the year 1715 with Sir Edmond Halley, who claimed that salt and other minerals were carried into the sea by rivers.

- A) Deniz tuzunun kökenleri ile ilgili bilimsel teoriler, 1715 yılında Sir Edmond Halley'in tuz ve diğer minerallerin denize nehirler tarafından taşındığını iddia etmesiyle başladı.
- B) Deniz tuzunun kökenleri ile ilgili bilimsel teoriler, Sir Edmond Halley'in tuz ve diğer minerallerin denize nehirler tarafından taşındığını iddia ettiği yıl olan 1715'te başladı.
- C) Deniz tuzunun kökenleri ile ilgili bilimsel teoriler, 1715 yılında Sir Edmond Halley, tuz ve diğer mineralleri denize nehirlerin taşıdığını iddia ettiğinde başladı.
- D) Deniz tuzunun kökenleri ile ilgili bilimsel teoriler, 1715 yılında, tuz ve diğer minerallerin denize nehirler tarafından taşındığını iddia eden Sir Edmond Halley ile başladı.
- E) Sir Edmond Halley'nin deniz tuzunun kökenleri ile ilgili bilimsel teorileri 1715 yılında, tuz ve diğer minerallerin denize nehirler tarafından taşındığını iddia etmesiyle başladı.



1. - 18. sorularda, cümleler sırasıyla okunduğunda parçanın anlam bütünlüğünü bozan cümleyi bulunuz.

1. (I) Cave-dwellers are individuals or communities who live primarily in caves, often for shelter or protection. (II) Throughout history, various cultures around the world have utilised caves as places of residence, storage or religious significance. (III) In fact, only a small portion of humanity has ever dwelt in caves since caves are dark, cold and damp. (IV) Cave-dwelling can provide insulation from extreme temperatures and natural elements, making it an advantageous choice in certain environments. (V) While modern society typically associates cave-dwelling with ancient times, some people still choose to live in caves today either for practical reasons or as a lifestyle choice.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

2. (I) Flying cars, often depicted in science fiction, are vehicles capable of both driving on roads and flying in the air. (II) The speed that such vehicles will be travelling at may lead to collisions either between cars or with buildings. (III) While the idea of flying cars is exciting, the reality of their widespread use faces numerous challenges. (IV) Safety regulations, airspace management and infrastructure development are significant hurdles that need to be addressed. (V) Still, technological progress brings the possibility of flying cars closer to reality, which could potentially revolutionise transport in the future.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

3. (I) The Nobel Prize, which is a symbol of scientific or literary achievement, has often been depicted in fiction. (II) The Nobel Prizes have honoured hundreds of brilliant minds since they were first awarded in 1901. (III) Yet, there have often been conflicts over the proceedings, nominations and awards. (IV) In particular, the prizes in Literature and Peace have generated the most criticism. (V) Critics have often suspected political bias and claimed that some achievements were overlooked or ignored.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

4. (I) When Maisy Vignes was born in 2009, her body showed a total deficiency of blood. (II) It was the haemoglobin within her blood that had to carry oxygen from the lungs to the rest of her body, where it provided energy vital to continue to live. (III) This meant she had a haemoglobin level of zero, with only a thin plasma substance present in her veins. (IV) Prior to her birth, only cases of humans having survived with a haemoglobin level of four had been recorded, so Vignes' odds of survival were regarded as very low. (V) Nevertheless, resolute action on the part of her doctors prevented her from dying, and she grew up into a young healthy sportsperson.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

5. (I) Yoga's journey to global recognition stems from its ability to adapt to different cultures while maintaining its core principles. (II) As claimed by many, it hardly meets expectations in terms of cardiovascular fitness. (III) Since practitioners discovered its transformative benefits, word-of-mouth and travel hastened its spread. (IV) In addition, influential figures and celebrities advocating for yoga helped popularise it on a larger scale. (V) As a result, with its diverse range of styles and approaches, yoga appealed to people of all backgrounds and fitness levels.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

6. (I) There are many natural hair colours found on people in various parts of the world, yet all stem from just two types of hair pigment. (II) Eumelanin is the dominant pigment in dark-blonde, brown hair and black hair while pheomelanin is dominant in red hair. (III) This, of course, leaves us with light-blonde and grey hair, but neither of these types requires an extra pigment. (IV) In the case of blonde hair, there is only a small amount of pigmentation, and in grey, none at all. (V) Grey hair is usually associated with the elderly, but it can be found in much younger people due to genetic reasons.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

7. (I) “(Sittin’ On) The Dock of the Bay” is a song co-written by soul singer Otis Redding and guitarist Steve Cropper. (II) Unlike Redding, who passed away at a very young age, Cropper continued to make music for decades. (III) It was first recorded by the former in 1967 just days before he was killed in a plane crash. (IV) Despite this fatal accident, the song was still released the following year. (V) It became the first record by an artist who had passed away to reach number one in the US charts.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

8. (I) Hibernation is a fascinating phenomenon observed in many animals during the winter months. (II) During hibernation, animals enter a state of deep sleep, slowing down their metabolic processes to conserve energy. (III) This allows them to survive harsh environmental conditions when food is scarce. (IV) What’s more, while hibernation is a natural behaviour, human activities such as factory farming can disrupt this process. (V) As for the examples of hibernating animals, they include bears, hedgehogs and some species of bats.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

9. (I) The novel *The Three Musketeers* is one of the best-known works of world literature. (II) Its author was a nineteenth-century Frenchman called Alexandre Dumas. (III) In terms of the history of literature, something is confusing about his name, and it is that there is another French author with exactly the same name. (IV) Also, by drawing upon history for his work, Dumas blurs the boundary between historical fact and fiction. (V) Indeed, the two writers are related, the author of *The Three Musketeers* being the father of the other one.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

10. (I) Chicken eggs are the most commonly eaten eggs, and they supply all essential amino acids for humans in addition to several vitamins and minerals. (II) A surprising number of people enjoy the company of chickens, finding them charming enough to keep as pets in their yards. (III) Moreover, it is even possible to wash one’s hair with the core of the egg to improve their appearance. (IV) Much cheaper than any other conditioning treatment, an egg yolk whisked up with a little honey, lemon juice and olive oil is then to be applied for 10 minutes or longer. (V) Once the mixture has been rinsed out, the hair itself will be left looking shinier and glossier.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

11. (I) Cancer has been a source of fear and mystery throughout human history. (II) Ancient people had little understanding of cancer and often perceived it as a sign of divine anger. (III) In contrast, they tried to treat cancer through various methods, such as surgery and herbal remedies. (IV) Therefore, cancer was linked to spirituality and was thought to be a punishment from the gods for sins or moral failings in a past life. (V) In ancient Egypt, for instance, cancer was called the “disease of the gods” and was thought to be a curse from the gods for violating religious taboos.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

12. (I) Plastic pollution is considered one of the most pressing environmental issues. (II) Although found almost everywhere, plastic consumption has become an issue neglected by most governments in the Western countries. (III) This is due to the rapidly increasing production of disposable plastic products all over the world. (IV) Plastic pollution is most visible in developing Asian and African nations, where garbage collection systems are often non-existent. (V) Yet, even the developed countries, especially those with low recycling rates, has trouble collecting discarded plastics properly as well.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

13. (I) The telltale signature of a galaxy speeding away from us can be detected in the same way that we can tell when a police car passes by with its siren on. (II) This is activated when the driver of the police car wishes to warn other motorists to keep out of his way. (III) When that happens, the siren sounds lower-pitched to us because the waves are stretched. (IV) Light is also made up of waves, so the same is true of very fast-moving objects like galaxies. (V) If a galaxy is moving away from us, the light waves are stretched, making the light seem redder, and it is the case that the faster the galaxy is moving, the redder the light.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

14. (I) Nima Yushij is regarded as the father of modern Persian poetry as he introduced many techniques and forms to differentiate the modern from the old. (II) For example, he freed Persian poetry from the chains of its traditional structure, feeling that the rigid technique dominating classical poetry interfered with its vitality and progress. (III) His artistry, however, was not confined to structural changes as he wished the function of poetry to now be based upon a contemporary understanding of human and social existence. (IV) In starting such a revolution in a long and cherished literary form, Nima broadened the perception and thinking of the poets that came after him. (V) This new style of poetry demanded that poets go back to the fixed forms and strict rules of the old radiant eras of poetry.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

15. (I) Hollywood is synonymous with the glamour, money and power of the entertainment industry. (II) As the show business capital of the world, it is home to many famous television and film studios and record companies. (III) However, despite its impressive status, Hollywood has humble roots. (IV) It is estimated that even in the tough economic times, up to 80 million Americans went to the cinema each week. (V) It began as a small agricultural community and evolved into a metropolis where stars are born and dreams come true.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

16. (I) Living in a rural area brings with it a unique set of benefits that are often overlooked in more urban environments. (II) Nevertheless, due to the lack of economic activity and job opportunities, many individuals still hesitate to start a life in such areas. (III) Rural areas are known for their peaceful and quiet atmosphere. (IV) The absence of noise pollution and traffic makes for a relaxing environment that can help to reduce stress and improve mental health. (V) Besides, access to pristine natural environments gives one a rare opportunity to experience the beauty of nature and spend time outdoors.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

17. (I) The German domination of classical music in the 19th century is evidenced by Johannes Brahms and Richard Wagner. (II) During what was probably the first meeting of the composers Johannes Brahms and Richard Wagner in January 1863, Brahms performed his *Variations and Fugue on a Theme by Handel, Op. 24*. (III) Despite the great differences between the two men in musical style and an underlying tension based on musical politics—Brahms championing a more conservative approach to music while Wagner called for new forms and new tonalities—Wagner complimented the work graciously, if not wholeheartedly. (IV) Since then, others have been far more profoundly moved by the work. (V) For instance, the great music writer Donald Tovey has ranked it among the half-dozen greatest sets of variations ever written.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

18. (I) Cockroaches can withstand much higher levels of radiation than humans. (II) Their resistance to radiation stems from their simple body structure and slow cell division rate, allowing them to repair DNA damage more effectively. (III) One reason for the species' success is a faster reproductive rate compared to most other cockroach species. (IV) While radiation exposure can still harm cockroaches, they have demonstrated a remarkable ability to adapt. (V) This resilience has led to speculation about their potential survival in extreme scenarios, such as nuclear disasters.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V